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BRITISH TANKS ENTER BATTLE FOR JAFFA

Spitfires Smash Up Irgun Concentrations

ARAB GARRISON REPULSES REPEATED ENEMY ATTACKS

But Terrorists Claim Entry Into North-Western Area

JERUSALEM, April 28 (Reuter): Sweeping into action for the first time since the Arab-Jewish fighting began, rocking firing spitfires of the R. A. F. tonight attacked Jewish terrorist headquarters at Bat Yam, on the outskirts of the Arab seaport of Jaffa which the Jews claim has surrendered to them after a three-day onslaught.

An official announcement from British headquarters said the spitfires shot up Jews firing on Arab refugees to escape from Jaffa by boat.

At the same time British troops with armoured vehicles, mortars and artillery were reported smashing up 3-000-strong Jewish Irgun concentrations to prevent them seizing Jaffa.

Only a few hours earlier, the District High Commissioner was reported to have told the Mayor of neighbouring Tel Aviv that British forces would not allow Jewish troops to occupy Jaffa.

JAFFA SURRENDERS"

The battle of machinegun fire and mortar shells resounded here from the nearby battle as lorry loads of excited Irgun men drove through the streets shouting "Jaffa has surrendered".

In Garish, southern district of Tel Aviv Jews dug trenches and left upper floors of buildings as shells thumped and whined all morning—from whose guns was not known.

Arab police fled from Manshieh police station in the no man's land seperating the Jewish and Arab cities.

Since Sunday dawn, Irgun forces have raised their heaviest yet barrage on Jaffa, which still carries seaborne traffic from Jerusalem, and thousands of Arabs have fled by land and sea, many in small boats.

AMMAN PACT PROVISION

An Arab League spokesman told Reuter in Cairo today eighteen days before Britain surrenders her Mandate that the recent Amman Pact provided for intervention in Palestine by regular armed forces of the signatories, Transjordan, Iraq, Syria and the Lebanon.

Egyptian troops would be stationed at the frontier, he added. Unification of the Arab forces High Command will be discussed tomorrow at Amman, Transjordan sapital.

A Cairo newspaper reported today that Arab heads of state would meet in Beirut, Lebanon, next week.

An official announcement in Jerusalem today said the Arabs have rejected the United Nations plea to discuss peace in Palestine.

Najib Al Rawi, Iraq's Minister of Justice, said in Baghdad today that Arabs "Fighting a life and death battle "in Palestine would get every kind of aid".

The Minister, who had just returned to Baghdad after attending Arab League meetings in Cairo, said Arabs would be obliged to interfere "to prevent massacres in the Holy land".

It was announced in Cairo today that the Egyptian Government has opened a credit of £10,000 for the welfare of Arab refugees entering the country from Palestine.

So far 5,000 refugees are being pro-

(Continued on Page 5)

U. Saw To Hang On May 8

RANGOON, April 28 (Reuter): U. Saw, the former Burmese Premier sentenced to death for his part in the assassination of U. Aung San and Burmese Cabinet Ministers last July, will be hanged on May 8, it was announced here today.

Four others sentenced for their part in the assassination of Prime Minister U Aung San and his six colleagues during a Cabinet Meeting will also hang on May 8.

U Saw's wife today asked the Government to let her have her husband's body after the execution.

She also requested that his home on the outskirts of Rangoon, at present held by the Government, be returned to her.

HELSINKI OKAYS PACT WITH SOVIET

Mutual Aid In Case Of Aggression

HELSINKI, April 28 (Reuter): The Finnish Parliament today ratified the pact of friendship and military assistance with Russia by 157 votes to 11.

The pact which was signed on April 6 pledges each country to refrain from interference with the internal affairs of the other.

It stipulates that Finland shall fight with all her available forces to defend her territory if she is attacked, or if Russia is attacked over her territory, by Germany or by any other states allied with Germany.

Labour Party Expels Member

LONDON, April 28 (Reuter): The Labour Party tonight expelled Mr. John Platts Mills, a leftwinger who was one of the instigators of a good wishes telegram to Pietro Nenni, leader of the Italian Socialists supporting the Communists in the general election.

Official Labour backed the Saragat Socialists.

Mr. Platts Mills, a 41-year-old Barrister, has often been criticised in the house of Commons by members of his own party as being a "crypto Communist".

He had been persistent critic of Mr. Bevin's foreign policy.

ARCHBISHOP OF YORK ACCUSES JEWS OF LYING PROPAGANDA

"Without British Protection They Would Long Ago Have Been Swept Away By Arabs"

YORK, England, April 28 (Reuter): Doctor Cyril Garbett, Anglican Archbishop of York, today accused the Jews of using murder and lying propaganda to enforce their demand for a State in Palestine.

"They treated the Arabs with contempt and the Mandatory Power as a foe," he wrote in his Diocesan leaflet. "Without our protection they would long ago have been swept away by the Arabs"

Those who voted for partition have a special responsibility. They believed the assurance of the Jews that the Arabs were only bluffing rather than the emphatic warnings given by our representatives.

"The United Nations by its delaying tactics and nerveless fumblings is rapidly losing any authority it once possessed".

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY.
NEW YORK, April 28.

Previous Closing	37.13
Today's Opening	37 28
Difference	+15
Today's Closing	37.30
Difference	+17

LAST QUOTATIONS.
BOMBAY, April 28.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila May	706	8
Silver Bullion Forward	173	2
Silver Chamber	173	2
Gold Forward	116	3
Sovereign	73	0

ITALIAN PREMIER SPEAKS

Prime Minister of Italy, De Gasperi, seen addressing a huge crowd in Rome following the announcement that his party, Christian Democrats, had won the elections in face of stiff opposition.

Nizam's Goondas & Indian Patrols In Gun Battle

BOMBAY, Wednesday

How nearly 350 armed Nizam goondas infiltrated into and surrounded the village of Kaudgaon in Sholapur district and opened fire from all sides but were repulsed and sustained casualties, is revealed by further reports received from official sources in Sholapur. The raiders tried to cross the border of the village at 10 a. m. on April 10 with the intention of hoisting their flag on the village. The police party stationed in the village, on hearing the shots, held up the advance of the marauders with the help of the villagers, fired back and forced the Nizam goondas to take to their heels. Unconfirmed reports indicate that 7 or 8 raiders were shot dead while none of our Police personnel or villagers sustained any injury.

Under cover of darkness, a batch of the goondas attacked Ambejevalge, a neighbouring village. The raiders had blocked the road leading from Kaudgaon to Pangri with a view to cut off communications with the latter place where the police station is situated. But, on receipt of the news of attack, the Police officer in charge of the party rushed to the scene of action. The raiders tried to obstruct the party and opened fire on the police bus. But by the time the party could reach the village, the raiders had cleared out. Nothing further could be done in the darkness of the night, but some shots were fired in the direction of the flashes of torchlight.

The methods of attacks employed by the Nizam armed goondas clearly indicate that the marauders could not organise their criminal activities without the knowledge of the Nizam authorities. The marauders clearly want to raid villages on the Pangri border, capture them and terrorize the peaceful villagers. However, all necessary measures are being taken to meet the menace and allay the panic the raiders are trying to create.

STATE CONGRESS AND COMMUNISTS

Syed Kasim Razvi asked if it was not a fact that the State Congress President Swami Ramanand Tirth issued a statement declaring that the objective of the State Congress and the Communists was one and the same and that they should co-operate.

The Home Minister replied: "Yes".

There was no answer to Mr. Razvi's second question whether it was proper to lift the ban on the Communist Party in the State. (Mir Laik Ali, Prime Minister in a speech to the Assembly yesterday observed: "I have no hesitation in lifting the ban on the Communist organisation".)

Answering another question the Minister, said that the Government were not considering any question of compensation to victims of Communist activities but "we have decided to confiscate the properties of those participating in the subversive activities", he said.

(SEE PAGE 6)

STOP PRESS ON PAGE 5

Subversive Activities In Nizam's State

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 28, (A.P.I.): The Nizam's Government had suffered a loss of 8.26 lakhs rupees in the Excise and Customs revenues due to Communist activities in Warrangal and Nalgonda districts, Mr. Abdul Hamid Khan, Hyderabad's Home Minister said in reply to a question in the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly today.

He said that five Abkari lorries were burnt and over one lakh toddy-bearing trees cut down.

The Home Minister declined to give any details of the steps being taken by Government to check the subversive activities in the State as "it was not in the public interest to do so." Action was being taken against such Communists as were apprehended but most of the culprits, he alleged withdrew into Indian Union territory after committing sabotage within the State limits.

Questioned whether there was no Government in the places subject to Communist raids, the Home Minister replied that there was Government functioning and the Nizam's Government had made representations to neighbouring Governments and asked them to handover the culprits. In this connection he said correspondence is in progress, and acknowledged, the Madras Government's co-operation in checking the Communist activities.

Western Union Defence Ministers' Conference

LONDON, April 28, (Reuter): Mr. A V. Alexander, Defence Minister and the three heads of the armed forces will form part of the British Delegation to the Conference of Western Union Defence Ministers due to start in London on Friday.

Benares University Menial Servants On Strike

BENARES, April 28. (API): Eight hundred menial servants of the Benares Hindu University have been on strike for the past eight days.

After a break of five days electricity and water supply in the University area was restored today. The staff and students of the Engineering College have repaired and overhauled the electric plant of the University power house.

Some students, who were alleged to have helped strikers were recently belaboured by another group of students.

BRUSSELS PACT POWERS MEET

Discuss Financial Problems And Marshall Aid

BRUSSELS, April 28 (Reuter): The Finance Ministers of the five Western Powers who signed the Brussels Pact began their meeting at the Belgian Ministry of Finance today. They had before them a purely financial programme clearly divided into three parts:

(1) A long-term joint financial policy to be adopted by the five powers after the running out of the Marshal Aid to Europe Plan.

(2) A medium-term policy to be followed throughout the duration of the Marshal Plan.

(3) A short-term policy dealing with the urgent immediate problem of payment in order to tide over the two to three months until the Marshall Plan become effective.

Indian Cultural Mission For Indonesia

BATAVIA, April 28. (Reuter): The Dominion of India will send a cultural mission to Indonesia probably about June, it was reliably learned here to-day.

The Mission will study education, agriculture and archaeology with a view to exchanging information.

It was understood the mission would be welcomed by both the Netherlands and Republican Governments.

West Java Cabinet

BATAVIA, April 28. (Reuter): Seven portfolios in the first cabinet of Pasundan, new state of West Java, have already been allocated. It was reliably learned to-day.

They are: PREMIER AND HOME AFFAIRS: Raden Adil Puradiredja, a former journalist; SOCIAL AFFAIRS: Dr. R. Budjadin; ECONOMIC AFFAIRS: Raden Dinadikusuma; FINANCE: P. J. Gerke, a former Director of the Dutch Indies Finance Department; EDUCATION AND RELIGION: Raden Judabusuman and Transport and Communications Tan Hwai Tiang, an engineer.

Asaf Ali On India's Foreign Policy

LONDON, April 28 (Reuter): Mr. Asaf Ali, retiring Indian Ambassador to the United States, now here on his way back to Delhi, said today that the only positive role India could play in international politics in the future was that of peacemaker.

"That is what India's present foreign policy is aiming at", he told Reuter.

Merging Of French India Demanded

PONDICHERY, April 28, (API): In the French India Representative Assembly yesterday, a member gave notice of a resolution that French India be merged with the Indian Union. The resolution, it is understood, will come up for discussion tomorrow.

Arbitral Tribunal To Be Dissolved

NEW DELHI, April 28 (API): The Arbitral Tribunal having issued its last award on April 25 has concluded its work and is closing down its office on April 30 1948.

Sir Patrick Spens, Chairman of the tribunal is leaving for United Kingdom shortly.

NEW DELHI: In view of the gradual decline in coal raising and despatches of coal from coal fields to consumers the Government of India it is learnt, are taking special measures to increase output in both directions.

India Averts Crisis On Food Front

But 'Difficulties Still Remain', Says Jawahar

PLEA FOR INCREASED PRODUCTION: PROVINCIAL MINISTERS CONFER

NEW DELHI, April 28 (API): The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who inaugurated the conference of Provincial Premiers and Food Ministers here today, said that the country had been able to avert a catastrophe on the food front, but difficulties still remained and there should be no slackening of efforts.

NEED TO INCREASE PRODUCTION

Pandit Nehru added:

"The solution of many of our problems depends upon increased food production. For some reason or other enough attention and energy has not been paid in the past towards the realisation of this end which has never been in dispute. We have in hand the execution of many major irrigation projects, but the results of these will be available only after some years. But there are many ways of increasing production by more concentrated effort."

Referring to the present food situation in the country, Pandit Nehru stated that during the past few months, they had faced many difficulties on the food front, but they had surmounted them successfully, partly because nature had helped them, but mainly because they had helped themselves. Provinces and States had co-operated in a splendid manner, which was a matter of great significance in the solution of other national problems. A catastrophe on the food front had been averted, but difficulties still remained and there could be no slackening of effort, because the level of subsistence in India was very low.

Pandit Nehru paid a tribute to the Food Minister, who had worked hard and achieved very substantial results during the last few months.

NOT SO BAD.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Food Minister, Government of India, addressing the Conference, said:

"Our food position is not as bad as some people might imagine. If we maintain our determination to take all the steps that are necessary and expedient to help those parts of the country where the supplies are short and prices high, the country will have to face no major crisis on the food front".

"I would first take our internal supply position. The revised estimates of the yield of the seven major foodgrains of the country show that we have produced more than what we did last year, and this in spite of the large setback to the tune of about 1,200,000 tons in the crop production of Madras due to the failure of the monsoon. Whereas in the year 1946-47 India produced 39,528,000 tons of all these foodgrains, in the year 1947-48 the production was 40,425,000 tons. This means that we have produced nearly 900,000 tons more than last year though we are still deficit so far as the total needs of the country are concerned. The crops in some parts of Northern India which are coming to the market since the close of the year 1947-48 but not before the close of the calendar year 1948, have been above the average and I have an expectation that this circumstance should materially affect in a favourable direction both our supply and our price position in the coming few months.

LUCKY CIRCUMSTANCE.

"As you all know, India has had to depend on a certain quantity of imports from outside which have latterly been to the tune of about twenty to twenty-five lakh tons. It is a lucky circumstance that in regard to the import of foodgrains also, the

(Continued on Page 5)

POLICE PARTIES EXCHANGE FIRE

One Constable Killed

BUDAUN, (U.P.) April 28 (API):—Mistaking the other for dacoits two parties of police exchanged firing, resulting in the death of one head constable and injuries to another.

The incident occurred yesterday on the banks of the river Ganges and borders of Budaun-Etah Districts where there is stationed an armed police patrol for tracking down dacoits.

College Of Gandhian Ideology Started

AMBALA, April 28, (API): A new college has been started in Ambala Cantonment by prominent Congressmen of East Punjab with a view to inculcate Gandhian ideology in youngmen.

The managing committee of the institution includes three Ministers of the province, Sardar Partap Singh Kairon, Shri Prithvi Singh Azad and Capt. Ranjit Singh and Dr. Lehna Singh and Mr B. R. Sharma.

It has been decided to build up a library of all books written by Mahatma Gandhi and by others on Gandhian ideology.

Pakistan's Ambassador To Egypt

KARACHI, April 28. (API): Haji Abdul Sattar Essak Sait, Muslim League leader from Malabar, has been appointed Pakistan's Ambassador to Egypt.

The appointment was announced today by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations.

Bombay Government Ultimatum To Bullion Exchange

BOMBAY, Wednesday

The Government of Bombay has accepted the recommendation of the Committee of the Cabinet appointed to report on the control and regulation of forward trading in bullin in this Province. The Committee's recommendations had been published some time ago and were well received generally.

In accordance with the suggestion made by the Committee, the Government desires to give an opportunity to the Bombay Bullion Exchange to reorganise itself on the lines recommended by the Committee with a view of recognition. If, however, the Bombay Bullion Exchange is unable to reorganise itself accordingly by the end of June 1948, the Government proposes to invite the bullion trade to form a new association for the purpose of recognition. The bylaws of the Association to be recognised and the substance of its forward contract will be later settled by the Government in consultation with the relevant trade interests.

Worcestershire All Out For 233 Runs

Palmer In Good Form: Australians Make 10 For No Loss

WORCESTER, April 28 (Reuter):—Worcestershire were all out for 233 and by close of play Australians had scored 10 for no wicket in reply

The bleak weather in which play started before 12,000 speculators who thronged the ground with hundreds sitting on the turf near the boundaries always threatened rain.

LINDWALL CLAIMS WICKET

Winning the toss Worcester batted first but without a run scored Lindwall claimed the first wicket, his lone appeal being answered in the affirmative by Umpire Root. Then Palmer and Cooper proceeded to turn the game in Worcester's favour and after an hour's play they had compensated for that early disaster. By now 17,000 people were watching play and the gates had been closed.

Palmer, a bespectacled local schoolmaster, came home from India two years ago. His 78 before lunch today included one six and ten fours and he treated all bowling alike.

The Australians, who did not appear to appreciate the chill wind had called for sawdust when a short shower fell but six minutes from the lunch interval heavy rain drove the players into the pavilion.

The second wicket pair of Cooper and Palmer added 137 before Palmer fell to a rather tame stroke off Toshack that gave Johnson at midon standing wide on easy catch.

The Worcestershire amateur in scoring 85 batted for two hours and 10 minutes and hit one six and 13 fours.

Cooper reached his half century in two and a quarter hours but with the addition of only one run was easily caught by Hassett in Toshack's leg trap having hit five fours in a painstaking innings which lasted two hours and 35 minutes

Then Bradman brought back Lindwall who using the new ball beat and bowled out Schoorn and four wickets were down for 159.

Tea was taken, with the board reading 163, Wyatt being not out 11 and White, Worcestershire's Captain, credited with a streaky single

SCORE BOARD

WORCESTERSHIRE (1st Innings)

D. Kenyon lbw b Lindwall	0
E. Cooper c Hasett b Toshack	50
C. H. Palmer c Johnson b Toshack	85
R. E. S. Wyatt (not out)	11
L. Outschoorn b Lindwall	1
Aft White (not out)	1
Extras	14
Total for 4 wkts. (at tea)	163

Fall of wickets: 1 for 0, 2 for 137, 3 for 158, 4 for 159.

AUSTRALIANS TAKE CONTROL

After tea, the Australians took control, Miller, with the new ball, removed White at 164 and 14 runs later Johnson and McCool accounted for Jenkins, Wyatt and Perks, all at the same total.

Left-hander Howorth, only four days home from the West Indies tour, offered a late challenge like Palmer, he showed sound judgment in picking the balls to punish. Howorth's first 7 strokes each earned four and he claimed another before the innings ended with his score at 37 not out.

On such a cheerless day when the chilly west wind blew mercilessly across the field, one could not expect the Australians to give of their best. They must have been satisfied that Lindwall came through his first ordeal successfully. He certainly dragged his right foot up to the line but all his deliveries were above suspicion and not once was he no balled He did not develop his fastest pace.

(MESSAGE INCOMPLETE)

"MY BABU" WINS 2,000 GUINEAS

"Cobbler" Beaten By A Head In First Of British Classics

NEW MARKET, April 28 (Reuter): "My Babu" won the 2,000 Guineas. "The Cobbler" was second and "Pride of India' third.

Eighteen ran. Not run "The Senator" and "Hunter's Moon".

Betting: 2 to 1 favourite "My Babu", 100 to 30 "The Cobbler" 20 to 1 "Pride of India".

Won by a head. Four lengths separated second and third.

A THRILLING RACE

The Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda's "My Babu", bred in France by Djebel out of "Perfume", today won a thrilling race for the 2,000 Guineas, the first of the British classics, beating Colonel Giles Loder's "The Cobbler" by a head with Mr. Harry Joel's "Pride of India" four lengths away third

"My Babu", starting two to one favourite and "The Cobbler" Irish bred son of "Windsor Slipper", who started 100 to 30 second favourite, raced neck and neck over the final furlong with "My Babu" prevailing by a head. Mr. Harry Joel's "Pride of India", starting at 20 to one, finished third of 18 runners.

Place betting in proportion. Tote betting to 2 shilling stake 7 shillings and 3d "My Babu" win, places 3 shillings 3d. "My Babu", 4 shillings 3d. "The Cobbler", 11 shillings 3d. "Pride of India".

Indian Olympic Boxing Trial On May 10

CALCUTTA, April 28. (A.P.I.): Mr. P. Misra, Convenor Indian Olympic Association, Ad Hoc Committee requests Provincial Olympic Associations to send in the names of their boxers with respective weights to him c/o, Bengal Olympic Association, Calcutta, by May 5.

The Indian Olympic Association boxing trial will be held at Calcutta on May 10 and 11.

The Provincial Associations are requested not to send more than two boxers in each weight. Bengal Amateur Boxing Federation, Calcutta, will pay the necessary expenses for the provincial team. Single-fare double-journey concession in inter-class will be provided to the players. Boarding and lodging will also be provided.

Calcutta Hockey

CALCUTTA, April 28. (A.P.I.): The Port Commissioners won the Calcutta Hockey League Championship for the second year in succession by defeating Mohan Bagan by three goals to one.

BOMBAY & BHOPAL WIN EASILY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

BHOPAL	1
HYDERABAD	0

AND

BOMBAY	4
C. P. & BERAR	0

Bombay qualified to meet Holkar in the semi-final round this evening when they easily accounted for the C. P. & Berar side by four goals to nil. Earlier Bhopal had also earned the right to figure in the semi-finals at the expense of Hyderabad by a solitary goal.

The match between Bombay and the C.P. & Berar side proved to be a very good match practise for the local side. The opposition that the local forwards received was not such as to keep the front line check for long periods. Constantly fed by that tireless centre-half Keshav, the winners' front line functioned smoothly except for outside-left Lawrie Fernandes who failed to touch his form and made the front line a cripple.

The rest of the forwards acquitted themselves as well as they could on a none too even turf where the rolling of the ball was never quite certain Rodrigues, in the usual role of a sharp shooter was seen to considerable advantage scoring both the two goals that the local side got during the first half. The first goal was a brilliant if a somewhat desperate attempt. He fully stretched himself to deflect the ball into the goal at the last minute after Russel had been drawn out of his charge.

Both Pillay and Nimal played well, The latter provided two passes which were converted into goals and the former scored the last goal of the match almost on call of time from a very difficult angle after eluding the onrushing custodian, Kishen was used rarely and late in the match and could not do himself full justice, Bombay's latest acquisition from the Punjab, Keshav Dutt filled the pivotal berth admirably and was well supported on either side by Perumal and M. Vaz, Perumal, however, like Pillay has yet to find his last season's form.

In the deep defence Walter D'Souza was a distinct improvement over Gentle who was not been playing very well this season. All the same Gentle should be retained in the side as, a great player like him may have a bad patch but is almost certain to get back into his strides. The selectors must show their confidence in him and must carefully nurse him to form.

The third goal of the match scored by Walter D'Souza from a penalty corner was a good fast shot which found the top of the net.

THE TEAMS:

BOMBAY—Leo Pinto; O. Ferreira and W. D'Souza H. Perumal, Keshav Dutt and M. Vaz; Kishenlal, M. Pillay, R. Rodrigues, Nimal and L. Fernandes.

C. P. & BERAR—Russell; R. D. Paney and M. R. Thakur; Mancharlal, D. Patel and Shakoor; D. Schmidt, Ramloo Deokar Nuttaj and Naidu.

Earlier in the evening Bhopal had a few anxious moments against Hyderabad. The winners scored early in the first half and had an excellent opportunity of consolidating their lead in the second when Jayavelu fouled near the goal-mouth and a penalty was awarded. Shakoor, who was entrusted with the penalty, however, failed to convert it and a splendid chance went by. Pending the inquiry into the eligibility of Akhtar Hussein, he did not play for the winners. Karmat Hussein and Latif were both fast wingers and did full justice to the passes that were sent in their direction by the inside forwards

THE TEAMS

BHOPAL—Bostan Khan; Abdul Samad and Lal Mohommad; Abdul Qayum, Abdul Zaheer and Mohd. Nasser; Karmat Hussein, Liakat, Shakoor, Habib and Latif.

HYDERABAD—R. Cabral; M. Ramdas and L. Lee; C. M. Susai, Nazir Ahmed and Rudravelu; A. Rajiah, Kazim Hussein, Jayavelu, M. Datta and Mohiuddin Ali Khan.

Thursday evening at 5-45 p.m Delhi vs. Faridkot.

Col. Nayudu On New No-Ball Rule

COLOMBO, April 28 (Reuter): Don Bradman's contention apropos the Lindwall 'no-ball' controversy" that cricket was not being played to suit the movie-camera, was repudiated by Col. C. K. Nayudu, member of the Board of Control for Cricket in India and Captain, Holkar Cricket Club, in an interview prior to the team's departure.

Asserting that the Umpire was certainly 'not the best judge' in a matter like this, Col. Nayudu asked, "how can an Umpire see at one and the same time the arms and legs, particularly of a fast bowler in action"? According to the 'ethics of cricket' it was very right to adjudge Lindwall's deliveries as no-balls' since, it was apparent as the camera showed, Lindwall by his 'delayed delivery action and drag' distinctly transgressed the bowling line. English laws of cricket are traditional", he said, adding that it was a matter for regret to note that no attempts were being made to rectify apparent defects and flaws in keeping with the standards of the present day

COL. Nayudu was very emphatic in the belief that India could attain international standard only if special attention was paid to the encouragement of cricket in all schools, as in Australia, England and Ceylon.

MADRAS TRAMWAY WORKERS STRIKE

MADRAS, April 28. (A.P.I.): Tramway workers in the city went on a stay-in strike this afternoon bringing the entire tram service to a standstill.

The strike was as a protest against the action of the Tram-Way Company in filling up the post of a special inspector by direct recruitment instead of promotion from the ranks of workers.

A batch of workers waited in deputation on the management yesterday and stated that unless the Company respected the wishes of the employees by promoting men who have put in service to higher posts, they would resort to direct action.

DILIP BOSE BEATEN IN THIRD ROUND

British Hard Court Tennis Championship

BOURNEMOUTH (Hamphshire), April 28. (Reuter): With the third round defeat to-day of K. B. Madan by the former Polish Davis Cup player, C. Spychalla, India were left with only one nominated representative—Dilip Bose—in the men's singles of the British hard courts lawn tennis championships here

Spychalla won 6/2, 6/3, 6/3.

Franjo Kulkuljevix, former Yugoslav Davis Cup player, entered the last eight of the men's singles following a third round walkover against J. R. Mansell.

Later in the day, Dilip Bose, India's Davis Cup player was beaten in the third round of the men's singles by Dutch player R. Van Meegeren, who won 6/1, 6/0.

Press Code For The Punjab

SIMLA April 28. (API): The nine-man Goodwin mission of West Punjab journalists left for Amritsa today en route to Lahore.

The desirability of drawing up a code which should govern journalistic activities in creating a healthier atmosphere in the provinces of east and west Punjab was discussed here at a meeting of journalists representing some newspapers of both the provinces. It was proposed that under the code every newspaper in both Punjabs should refrain from using abusive or provocative language and avoid publication of unauthenticated news intended to incite communal hatred or dissatisfaction.

It was also proposed to form a Joint Committee representing journalists of both sides to take steps for the implementation of the code. A suggestion to ask Governments to create press 'liaison' agency to serve as a channel of communication between newspapers of both Punjabs was also discussed.

'SIND OBSERVER' DIRECTOR ARRESTED

KARACHI, April 28. (A.P.I.): Mr. M. P. Tahilramani, Managing Director of "the Sind Observer" and a member of the Karachi Peace Committee, was arrested late last night by the Pakistan Special Police under the Anti-corruption Ordinance

Coal-Miners Get Bonus

JHARIA, April 28. (A.P.I.): Colliery-owners have started making payment of bonus to workers employed in the coal mines from yesterday according to the bonus scheme prepared by the Government.

Prof. Ranga On Achievements Of Bombay A. I. C. C. Session

Co-operative Commonwealth Through Kisan-Mazdoor Democracy

NEW DELHI, April 28. (A.P.I.): Prof. N. G. Ranga, Member of the Congress Working Committee, in a statement says that the Bombay A.I.C.C. session has achieved some noteworthy results and made the Congress a dynamic and revolutionary political party competent to deal with the changed conditions after August 15.

Now that it has transformed the Congress into a party Prof. Ranga added, it is, indeed, good that the Working Committee and the A.I.C.C. have together agreed to raise the strength of the Working Committee from 15 to 20 thus implementing the ten-year old Subhas-Nehru plea for helping younger sections of our Congressmen to gain experience and gradually grow in the affections and recognition of the masses under the aegis of the tested and trusted National leaders and thus provide an organic and continuous growth of our national leadership. Let us hope that this new addition in the number of the Working Committee will give due recognition to the various classes of toilers, their aspirations and organisations as well as different sub-national forces in all our Provinces and will prove a really additional source of mass-contacts.

PARLIAMENTARY BOARD.

Secondly, we are hearafter to have both the Parliamentary Board of six members to be elected by the Working Committee and the Election Committee of eleven, five of whom are to be elected by the A.I.C.C. the other six being the members of the Parliamentary Board, this elected element is introduced in order to give scope for the new and rising forces of organisation, opinion and interests that may come to be reflected through the A.I.C.C. Thus, it will be even more easy than at present for the progressive forces in the country to work their way through the Congress organisation and see that really revolutionary and patriotic servants of the people are selected as Congress candidates for the general elections and come to form our Congress Parliamentary parties and Ministries. I am confident that this innovation will be widely welcomed by all the genuine, democratic and progressive forces in the country.

Thirdly, the A.I.C.C. has set up a Standing Committee for economic programme to study continually the various social and economic problems that face the country, to provide a stream of progressive and well informed opinion and guidance to the Ministers and the public, of course through the medium of the Working Committee, and in the light of the social objectives of the Congress, as set out in its resolutions and the report of the Economic Programme Committee. This is indeed a timely development in consonence with the changed conditions after the advent of national freedom. Instead of leaving the initiative to Governments, the A.I.C.C. has thus assumed the duty of the Congress to provide authoritative guidance to Congress Ministers and legislators in regard to various aspects of economic planning and thus strengthen the Parliamentary Board in its supervisory activities.

KISANS AND LABOUR.

Its significance will become clearer, if we remember that there is already an Agrarian Reforms Committee entrusted with the task of working out a programme for the development of our Kisans and villages and the five member National Labour Committee set up during this week by the Working Committee to provide guidance on a national scale to all Congressmen who work on the Labour Front and for the uplift of our Labour. This Standing Committee will be aided by these two committees.

AS MAHATMA WISHED.

Fourthly, the Congress has taken the most revolutionary step of depending entirely, as an organisation, upon free will and co-operation of the whole adult population of our country and forming committees only with their fullest and freest co-operation. The citizens of this country who accept the ideals of the Congress will be free to accept or not the professions of Congressmen as qualified Congressmen and effective members, devoted to the service of our people in any of the approved directions and to elect them to any of the Congress Committees and thus allow them to provide the needed political leadership. The Congress will not be confined to any limited coterie of selfish people or power-mongers, as may be the case with other political parties. Thus it will be open to our citizen to dethrone any Congressman they like or to raise anyone to any Congress responsibility. This is the contribution made by Gandhiji through his last note on the democratisation of the Congress.

It is because of this display of its dynamic ability to revolutionise its very foundations and broaden its sources of growth and strength and democratize the final controls in the party, as displayed by the Bombay A.I.C.C. session that I feel confident that the National Congress will grow from strength to strength and achieve the Co-operative Commonwealth through the Kisan-Mazdoor Democracy".

JEDHE-MORE GROUP DECIDE TO QUIT CONGRESS

POONA, April 28 (API): The Maharashtra Congress Workers and Peasants' Party has decided to quit the Congress and "function as an independent political party in opposition to the Congress Party in power"

The decision to go out of the Congress was reached by members of the party at a meeting in Bombay on Monday last. The meeting was attended by nearly 150 members and sympathisers of the party

May 31 was fixed as the deadline for members and sympathisers of the party to submit their resignation of the primary membership of the Congress.

Mr. Keshavrao M. Jedhe, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and member of the Constituent Assembly, and Mr. Shankerrao S. More, member of the Executive of the M.P.C.C. the two prominent leaders of the party today claimed that their decision would prove a 'big landslide' in Maharashtra Congress ranks.

Besides these two Congressmen, others who are expected to tender their resignation of the membership of Congress, in pursuance of the Party's decision, are Messrs Tulshidas Jadhav, R. B. Raut, D. A. Deshmukh, R. N. Nalawde and P. K. Bhapkar, all members of the Bombay Assembly. Whether they should also resign their membership of the Legislature would be decided later, Mr More stated.

While not denying the possibility of their party working in close co-operation with the Socialist Party in their future line of action, Mr. Jedhe and Mr. More stated that they would shortly take a decision on the issue. They added: "We propose to concentrate more on the organisation of peasantry in villages than on Trade Union Activity. We have placed our socialistic programme before Maharashtra and we shall strive for its implementation.

They denied all charges of their party being communal in outlook and stated their party membership was open anyone who accepted their programme.

Best Liked Diplomat In Washington

Asaf Ali Says Basis For Indo-American Understanding Has Been Founded

LONDON, April 28 (UPI):—According to American journalists arriving in London, Mr. Asaf Ali made friends with thousands of Americans and gained their sympathy and goodwill for India in a short period of 12 months. He is said to be one of the best-liked diplomats in Washington.

Approached by a U.P.I. representative in London, Mr. Asaf Ali explained that on the existing basis of America's interest in India and in Indians he had talked formally and informally to at least some 25,000 Americans during the course of his tours from coast to coast. Famous Universities, trade and commerce organisations, cultural institutions, foreign policy associations, etc.—all invited him to speak on India. He gave them the information they needed and discussed matters of common interest in all candour

Mr. Asaf Ali felt that Indian visitors to America should appreciate the virile, generous and proud character of the American people rather than be critical of their actions and intentions and their Government. The basis for Indo-American understanding and co-operation had been founded and as Indians learnt to conduct themselves with dignity befitting their great country they were bound to command respect and courtesy from the American people.

The Ambassador further claimed that the Indian Embassy in Washington had a reputation. With comparatively small staff the Embassy had dealt efficient with large volume of work which was on the increase The Public Rela... needed urgent expansion

Mr. Asaf Ali could not give an inkling of his future plans in India. He was reaching Delhi on May 11, breaking journey in Cairo for a couple of days

Communist 'Depredations' In Malabar Village

CALICUT April 28 (A.P.I.): Communist "depredations" are reported from Alappadamba, a village about six miles from Payanur in North Malabar.

A telegram received from the village reported that on Monday night more than a hundred Communists armed with lethal weapons effected forcible entrance into the house of a leading landlord of the village and after helping themselves to the jwellery vessels and foodgrains in the house, made away after assaulting the inmates.

A posse of police has been sent to the village.

Surat Honours Gujerat Artist

SURAT, April 28 (A.P.I.): Mr. Rajendra Surkatha, well-known artist of Gujerat was honoured by citizens of Surat this evening when a purse and a casket were presented to him on behalf of the people of Surat. Mrs. Hansa Mehta presided.

Mr. Surkatha, had organised a number of art exhibitions, including an exhibition of old crafts of India during the Haripur Congress Session

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MAHATMA GANDHI'S SHRADDHA DAY

The third monthly Shraddha day of Mahatma Gandhi will be observed by the B.P.C.C. tomorrow Friday, as per programme given below:

8 to 9 a.m. Mass sacrificial spinning at People's Hall, the Hon'ble Dr. M.D. Guilder will address the spinners 5 to 6 p.m. Bhajan led by Master Abhaikar of H. M. Voice; 6 p.m. Public meeting at People's Hall.

Nehru's Visit To Gandhi Exhibition

"Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Prof. Ranga and other prominent personalities visited Gandhi Exhibition at Gandhi Nagar inaugurated by Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister, during the A.I.C.C. Session. The Exhibition had been organised by the Mahila Kala Mandir, Bombay. The works in different mediums such as hair work, beed work, patch work, pastal and oil paintings and rangoli works (dry colour powder) were greatly admired and appreciated by all the leaders and the public."

BAN ON SALE OF ARMS

The ban on the selling of arms and ammunition to any licence holder, without a special permit from the District Magistrate, has been extended for a further period of two months from May 1, 1948, in the Kanara District.

MANUFACTURERS' PROBLEM SOLVED

Industry In Free India

Yesterday—the last war created a lot of new Industries. The New-rich and the war-born Capitalists started all sorts of factories everywhere and would and could, sell anything irrespective of its quality. That was a time when money was cheap, when every factory was producing at high speed and when demand seemed greater than supply. Every factory made profits.

Today—it is different. Money market is tight. The manufacturers' plight is worse! Buyers are scarce, labour problems plenty and strikes frequent. It is the manufacturers' headache! Even the Government of India's new policy to restrict imports does not seem to solve the problem. What then is the solution? It is the proper Marketing of goods. Manufacturing and marketing are two different affairs,—the former is working with labour and machinery, the latter with imagination, psychology and organisation. The manufacturers have too many headaches with labour problems, strikes, wages, and machinery to worry further about marketing problems. But why need they have headaches when they can utilize the services of concerns like "The National Marketing Co., 59, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone 25761.

SWAMI
KEDAR NATH, M.A.

Late Principal, Dayanand Ayurveda College, Lahore, formerly Professor of Chemistry B. N. College, Patna, has got very efficacious medicines of Ayurveda from Sadhus and those of his own researches on Himalayan herbs aided by spiritual power for Cancer, T. B. Insanity, Hysteria, Epilepsy, Blood Pressure, Intestinal, Ulcer, Asthma, Tonsilities, Piles Gout, Rheumatism, Female disorders, Eye diseases, etc. Please write to or see Swamiji in his Ashram at 59, Gola Mahal, Barrackpore (W. Bengal.)

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad, 6, 2004.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 13, 1367.
Parsi: Avan 29, 1317.
Sunrise 6-12 a.m., Sunset 19-00 p.m.
Altitude 03.10, 16.27. Lowtide 09.10, 22.58.

To-day's Engagements

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the councillors of Ward No. 21, Byculla (East), will meet near DeLisle Road Junction Gardens Bridge on Friday (tomorrow) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) to go round the Ward. The residents of the Ward who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present at the appointed place and time.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION: Today, Exhibition from 5 p.m. to 8 p.m., Lecture on "care of Teeth" at 6-30 p.m. and film on Dental Hygiene at Headquarters Hall (Town Hall compound).

INDIAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION: "At Home" to Col. Amirchand, President of Association at 3-30 p.m. He will speak on "Problems Before Medical Profession in India" by 4-30 p.m. At 5 p.m. Dr. Chamanlal Mehta will speak on "Rural Medical Relief and Medical Profession". All functions at G. S. Medical Medical College at Parel.

P. E. N. AND ISLAMIC RESEARCH ASSOCIATION: Under the joint auspices of both these bodies Mr. G. G. Saiyidain, Education Advisor to the Government of Bombay, will speak on "The Spirit of Muslim Culture" at the Durbar Hall, Bombay Branch, Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, at 6 p.m. today.

THE P.E.N.: Under the auspices of the P.E.N. there will be recitals in Hindi and Marathi from 7 to 8 p.m. today (Thursday) at Aryasangha, 22, Narayan Dabholkar Road, Malabar Hill.

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE: Devotional bhajan and a talk on "Vedant" by Swami Radhacharanji Maharaj (blind and aged 13 years only) today at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: A talk on "Indian Folk Songs", by Mr. K. V. Jagannathan, Editor, "Kalaimagal" of Madras, to-night at 8-30 p.m., at the Astik Samaj premises, Bhandharkar Rd., Matunga.

"HARIKATHA" IN KANNADA: A 'Harikatha" in Kannada language will be given at Fort Free Night High School (Kabibai School Building) at 7 p.m. today by Harikatha Shiromani P. Ramaswami Naidu, popular Keertankar from Bangalore whose two previous performances at Morarjeera Free Night High School and Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall were very much appreciated by Kannadigas.

ALL-INDIA RADIO: On Saturday 1st May, 1948, at 8-30 a.m., All-India Radio, Bombay will broadcast an electrical recording of the Hon'ble Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's speech delivered at Chowpati on Monday, the 26th April, 1948, at 6-15 p.m. The broadcast will be heard on 41.44 and 244 metres.

WORKERS VICTIMISED: The Management of John Robert & Co., Ltd., contrary to the decision of the settlement arrived at between the Union and the Management in the presence of Mr. E. J. S. Ram, deputy Director of Labour Administration victimised about 80 workers and thrown them out of employment without paying them their dues.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

Following restrictions have been imposed on telegrams to Columbia:—Only Government telegrams to Columbia will be admitted in code or cypher, all other telegrams must be written in plain language. Telegrams are subject to delay. Restrictions on telegrams to Costa Rica are lifted now and telegrams are no longer subject to any detention or delay. Excepting Jerusalem, all telegrams to Palestine will be accepted now but they are still subject to indefinite delay with the exception of Government and urgent press telegrams. Until further notice telegrams addressed to or c/o. P. O. Box and those requiring confirmation of delivery will not be admitted for the city of Bogota (Columbia).

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, Thursday, April 29.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. R. D. Nigoshkar (Vocal Music) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8—15 News (H) 8-30 V. K. Pradhan (Violin) 9-0 R. D. Nigoshkar 12 0 p.m. Vanita Mandal 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Geet Mala 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Leonel Testa 4-20 K. Y. Kale (Vocal Music) 4-40 D. G. Marathe 5 0 B. G. Parichanak 5-15 Children's Half Hour in English 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 D. G. Marathe 6-40 K. Y. Kale 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Abdul Rahman Shah 7-30 Arthik Avalokan 7-45 Andho Ki Duniya 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 B. G. Parichanak 8-45 Manisha Gajjar (Gujarati Geeto) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Sports Review 10 0 Yehudi Menuhin 10-30 Egidio Verga

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Geeten 5-45 p.m. B. G. Parichanak (Pilu on Violin) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Manisha Gajjar (Gujarati Geeto) 8-15 Abdul Rahman Shah 9-0 Jyotsna Bhole 10-0 Dhamar Adana 10-15 Jyotsna Bhole.

Oath Of Allegiance To Pakistan

LAHORE, April 28 (API): All Government servants in West Punjab will have to take an oath of allegiance to the Constitution of Pakistan as by law established, according to a circular issued by the West Punjab Government.

A similar oath will in future have to be taken by all candidates before they take up their respective appointments in Government service.

INDUSTRIAL POLICY OF GOVERNMENT

Plea For Importation Of Plant And Technicians

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. N. D. Sahukar presiding over the third quarterly general meeting of the Association of Indian Industries, Bombay today welcomed the recent statement on the industrial policy of the Government of India.

Though he did not agree with the announcement in its entirety, Mr. Sahukar particularly welcomed the setting up of a National Planning Commission, utilisation of the existing structure of production for maximising output for the next ten years, central control and planning of basic industries, management of state enterprises through public corporations etc.

He called for an assurance from Government that industries managed by the state and private enterprises simultaneously like coal, iron and steel etc., should be run as complementary to each and not in a competitive spirit. Otherwise, he was afraid, private industries would be crippled in the face of the vast resources of the state.

Mr. Sahukar also stressed the necessity of sending out a special mission to visit foreign countries with a view to obtaining plant and machinery and other technical assistance. He also drew Government's attention to evolve a scheme for the efficient and speedy distribution of raw materials in the different industrial centres in the country and also for developing indigenous sources of raw materials on a planned basis.

It was his view that "labour is illiterate now and cannot be associated with the management and control of industry. Till such time as it is educated to realise its responsibility in the industrial set up of the country, labour can be associated only in an advisory capacity."

Exemption of industries from heavy and harsh taxation, special representation of industrial interests in legislatures, removal of customs barriers between Indian Union and Pakistan were among other points touched upon by Mr. Sahukar.

Mr. Essufally Mohamedally, Vice-President of the Association, urged the Government to relax forthwith the controls on iron and steel, cement and other essential commodities necessary for the development of industries.

B.P.C.C. Thanks West End Hotel Authorities

The President, Secretary and Members of the Accommodation Committee, AICC thank Dr. Alagappa Chettiar and Shri R. N. Kapur, trustees and Mr. G. W. Newman, Manager of the West End Hotel for putting the hotel at their disposal for the use of the AICC members and other distinguished visitors and for their help in various ways to make their stay pleasant and comfortable. The Committee in particular thank Mr. Newman for his untiring services during the four days and nights stay of our guests.

Daily Weather Summary

POONA April 28, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday, the 28th April, 1948:—

Thunder-showers have occurred locally in Malabar and at a few stations in West Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, the Central Provinces, the extreme South of the Konkan and the Bombay Deccan, in South-East Madras, the Madras Deccan and the North Madras Coast.

Day temperatures were markedly above normal in the Western Pakistan and north-west India and appreciably above normal in the West Central Provinces and Central India.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 29TH EVENING:—Thundershowers will occur locally in Malabar and few stations in Assam, the Eastern Pakistan, Sub-Himalayan Bengal, North Orissa Coast, on and near the East Punjab Hills, in the East Central Provinces, extreme East Hyderabad in south-east Madras, the Madras Deccan and the North Madras Coast.

Day temperatures will continue markedly above normal in the Western Pakistan and North-West India.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 28, (A. P. I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st April 1948 and departure from normal, recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on 28th April, 1948:—

Ahmednagar 104 72 0 0.1— 0.3; Akola 110 81 0.1 0.1 — 0.1; Allahabad 108 81 0 0.2 — 0.2; Bhopal 109 82 0 0 — 9.2; Bhuj 101 76 0 0 — 0.1; BOMBAY 91 79 0 0 0; Calcutta 93 79 0 0.7 — 0.9; Calicut 92 79 0 2.4 — 1.0; Cherrapunji 74 61 0 18.1 — 6.3; Cochin 89 79 T 1.7 — 2.8; Colombo 87 75 0 9.7 + 2.3; Delhi 106 81 0 0 — 0.3; Hyderabad (Dn.) 99 76 0 2.1 + 0.9; Hyderabad (Sd.) 112 77 0 0 — 0.1; Jubbulpore 108 79 0 0.2 — 0.1; Khandwa 120 87 0 0 — 0.1; Kodaikanal 67 54 0.1 2.0 — 2.4; Madras 92 79 0 0.9 + 0.3; Mahabaleshwar 89 66 0 0 — 1.1; Mangalore 90 76 0 1.2 — 0.2; Marmagoa 89 — 0 0.1 — 1.2; Mercara 78 69 0 6.9 + 3.6; Mysore 91 70 0 2.0 — 0.1; Pachmarhi 99 75 0 0.1 — 0.3; Patna 100 81 0 0 — 0.3; Poona 102 74 0 0 — 0.5; Ranchi 95 72 0 0.1 — 0.8; Shillong 74 54 9.7 + 5.0; Sholapur 107 81 0 0 — 0.5.

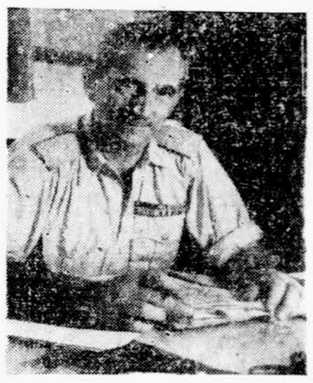
A CORRECTION

The J. N. Petit Institute will celebrate its Golden Jubilee on Saturday, the 1st May 1948 and not on the 29th April. The number of books which constitute the present stock, has grown from 388 in 1876, to 70,000 in 1947.

DUTCH BAN ON MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS

It was reported from West Java that the Dutch territorial Commander of the Dutch Armed Forces in West Java has banned the holding of May Day celebrations. Anyone who defies the ban would be punished with a maximum of one year's imprisonment or fined to an amount not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

In this connection the S.O.B.S.I. (Central Organization of Indonesian Labour Federations) sent a protest with the World Federation of Trade Unions in Paris, urging this organization to take the necessary steps against the Dutch ban of the May Day celebrations.



Major-General Bateman the out-going Commander of Bombay Area.

SUFISM CAN BRING COMMUNAL AMITY

Governor Inaugurate P. E. N. Centre Celebrations

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Raja Maharaj Singh Governor of Bombay, inaugurated the 15th anniversary celebrations of the Islamic Research Association of Bombay and the P.E.N.All-India Centre at a meeting at the Town Hall this afternoon.

The Governor also read a paper on "Sufi Mysticism" on the occasion. He observed that, so far as mysticism was concerned, all spoke in one language, whether Christian, Hindu, Muslim or Parsi. Mysticism could thus play an important part in bringing about goodwill and better understanding among all communities and creeds in India.

Mrs. Sophia Wadia welcomed the guests. Sir Rustom Masani proposed a vote of thanks.

Radio-Photo Service On Air

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

All-India Radio, Bombay, have made arrangements to record the proceedings in connection with the formal inauguration of the Bombay-London direct Radio-Photo Service by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay at 5-30 p.m. to-morrow at the Offices of the Government of India overseas Communications Service (C.T.O. Building).

A news feature on this ceremony will be broadcast from the Bombay Station of All-India Radio at 8-30 a.m. on 41.44 and 244 metres on Friday, the 30th April.

Government House News

BOMBAY, April 28.

Rani Maharaj Singh accompanied by Mrs. Rowland-Jones visited the Bombay Presidency Womens Council, Home Industries Depot at Drunraj Mahal, Apollo Bunder, where she was received by the Chairman, Mrs. Gulestan R. B. Billimoria.

Rani Maharaj Singh later visited the "Flying Enterprise" at No. 6, Alexandra Dock and stayed to lunch.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. G. C. Joshi.

His Excellency inaugurated the celebrations of the 15th Anniversary of the Islamic Research Association and the P.E.N. at the Durbar Hall of the Royal Asiatic Society in the Town Hall, where he was received by Mr. A.A.A. Fyzee and Mrs. Sophia Wadia.

Rani Maharaj Singh visited the Reading Room for Children organised by the Bombay Presidency Womens Council at the Wilson College Hall, Chowpatty.

The Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh dined with Mr. and Mrs. R. N. B. Brunt at "Monte Rossa", Cumballa Hill.

Young Woman Knifed

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A young woman who wanted to go to Goa for a holiday, was prevented from sailing, by a friend of hers. Milton Andrew Saviour Sequeira who is alleged to have made a vicious attack on her with a knife, slashing her all over the face.

It is said that the man was against the woman going to Goa, leaving him behind. He tried to persuade her to stay, but failed. When she was packing her trunks, it is learnt, the man pounced on her, and chopped up her face.

Neighbours who rushed to the woman's rescue, restrained the man from causing further damage and handed him over to the Princess Street Police.

Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, ordered the accused to be released on bail.

Ghastly Murder At Ville Parle

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Near West Ville Parle, a man was found dead, with stab wounds all over his body, his abdomen ripped open and his nose badly punctured.

Enquiries are being made by Santa Cruz Police. The victim has been identified as Nathu Vishnu Mankame.

No arrests have been effected so far, in this connection.

Theft Accused Remanded

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Saqsud Ali Mohamed Ali was placed before Mr. M. Nasarullah, Presidency Magistrate, at Mazgaon, by Pydhonie Police for an alleged offence of theft.

The police stated that the accused removed an envelope containing a draft of the Punjab National Bank for Rs. 1,700 from the pockets of a passenger in a tram car and passed it on to another who escaped with it.

The accused was remanded into police custody.

DON'T SAY THINGS TO REPORTERS

Govt. Order To Officials

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

It is understood that the Government of Bombay have issued renewed instructions to all heads of departments that they should not directly give any sort of information to newspaper representatives and that it should be done only through the Director of Publicity.

This comes close on the heels of reports that Government are tightening measures to prevent leakage of news in the light of the new amendment to the Public Security Measures Act.

Cloth Merchant Arrested

Shakharmal, a Gwalior merchant who is alleged to have booked cloths valued at Rs. 2,700 to his native place, without a permit, was arrested by the Railway Police at Victoria Terminus yesterday.

His bail period was extended at Mazagaon, to-day.

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PHILLIP. 22-48

The Bombay Chronicle

There is a poor blind Samson in this land,
Shorn of his strength, and bound in bonds of steel,
Who may in grim revel raise his hand,
And shake the pillars of this commonwealth
Till the vast temple of our liberties,
A shapeless mass of wreck and rubbish lies.
—LONGFELLOW

MR. LAIK ALI'S APOLOGIA

For a man who professes to love peace Mr. Laik Ali, Prime Minister of Hyderabad, is needlessly bellicose. He has declared that Hyderabad will remain independent, and is convinced that by the arrangements of August 15, 1947 Hyderabad has the choice between acceding to either Dominion and staying aloof from both. Even allowing for the fact that Mr. Laik Ali was addressing his Legislature and had, therefore, to keep up appearances, it is difficult to understand some of the prejudices which he brought on the subject of accession. In the first place, he insisted that the Union was pressing Hyderabad to declare for accession 'on its own terms'. What Mr. Laik Ali forgets is that, if Hyderabad's future was left undecided, the influence of those both in the State and outside, who feel the accession is inevitable and beneficial to both, is bound to assert itself along with the campaign of the isolationists. Secondly, he admits that Hyderabad is dependent upon the Union. It has no chance to develop a separate foreign policy; it has to link its communications with the Union; and defence and common interest demand an intimate connection between the two. After considering all this, the Nizam desires to retain his sovereign status and, Mr. Laik Ali asks pathetically, why cannot the Union humour him and Hyderabad? Thirdly, Mr. Laik Ali insinuates with a dexterous turn of phrase that to be an integral part of the Union will be to acquiesce in a position devoid of honour. This is an innuendo which will be repudiated by other Indian rulers who have not found that merging their States in the Union has deprived them of their honour or honours.

To those who appreciate small mercies, Mr. Laik Ali's conceding that there were intemperate speakers too in Hyderabad will be very cheering. Certainly it marks an advance over his earlier performance. But he seemed to view the actions of his hotheads with a lenient eye. In considering the internal conditions of Hyderabad, Mr. Laik Ali was more concerned in proving his liberality than in establishing the justness of his administration. He was prepared to release political prisoners, even Communists, but they should not try to subvert the Government. But he did not suggest that he was prepared to proceed against the Razakars in the interests of communal peace, law and order, and public security. He failed to meet the charge that in Hyderabad, Law and Order is heavily loaded in the interests of, not even a particular community, but a little clique of adventurers.

Mr. Laik Ali was faltering in his defence. He conveys the impression that he has no faith in the Justice of his cause. And, as he is no lawer, he is not able to argue convincingly from a brief. It is this transparent insincerity that tempts one still to plead with him to consider Hyderabad in the role of isolated, sovereign State that it has been forced to occupy. The first hope that non-accession would please all parties in the State, has been woefully belied. People who are happy, do not indulge in outbursts as the people of Hyderabad, regardless of party or community, have been doing. The second hope that goodwill and friendship and the interests of both Hyderabad and India could be fostered by a policy of isolation, has been dashed to the ground, and it is necessary to assume illwill on the Union side to bolster up the sinking morale and vanishing faith of Government supporters in the State. Neither the Union nor Hyderabad is exactly pleased with the developing situation. The third hope that Hyderabad can occupy a position of honour in isolation---leaving aside the extreme view that this is possible only in isolation---has also come to inevitable frustration. If Mr. Laik Ali seriously thinks that Hyderabad has held resolutely to its traditions since he took up the reins of Government, one might be permitted to wonder what traditions he had in mind. They cannot by any means be traditions of which any civilised government could be proud.

There is an omission in the Hyderabad Prime Minister's speech which is as noticeable as the glaring errors he has committed: Mr. Laik Ali's failure to take note of the dignified, wise and mature appeal of Maulana Azad will doubtless strike several newspaper readers as it must have struck his immediate audience. Possibly the fine sentiments contained in that appeal went over Mr. Laik Ali's head. But he could not surely have missed the earnestness and urgency of the warning to Hyderabad to act in time. Hyderabad's Prime Minister is not quite deaf and blind to happenings in the Union. He has referred to statements emanating from this side of the barrier. But he has thought it well to leave the appeal alone. Nothing could be stronger condemnation of the role he has taken up, than his tacit passing of Maulana Azad's appeal. If Hyderabad is to stay in isolation, it will only be by ignoring in the same way all the finer elements in the Union and concentrating on the ephemeral.

It is obvious to the meanest intelligence that the difficulties of Hyderabad today all spring from the Nizam's ardent pursuit of a will-o'-th'-wisp. The finest traditions of Hyderabad--communal unity, orderly progress and harmony between ruler and ruled---were laid on the firm base of understanding with India. When relations between Hyderabad and India grew strained, internal conditions in the State became unmanageable. Mr. Laik Ali hopes to lay the ghost of civil disorders by leniency towards the less recalcitrant and by raising the bogey of danger from the Union. It is a foolish hope and he will soon be disillusioned. It is possible, it has been said, to poise a pyramid on its apex, but it is impossible to keep it in that unnatural position permanently, or even for an appreciable length of time. Hyderabad, the Nizam and Mr. Laik Ali are learning this lesson the hard way, and it will be Hyderabad---the people not any abstract conglomeration of pride, passion and prejudice masquerading under the guise of tradition---that will suffer. Therefore, it behoves the Union--its Government, its leaders and its people--to lay tender hands on the problem that is Hyderabad today, whatever the provocation from misguided reactionaries on both sides of the barrier. This should be all the easier since accession is inevitable and is now visible on the horizon.

Mr. Marshall's Plea

Addressing the United States Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Marshall urged for consistency in United States foreign policy. He was sure about the ability of the United States to accept responsibility, but he pleaded that, "when we step beyond the borders of our own country, we must step as a unit and not as a variety of political parties". Democracy means freedom to differ and to express that difference. But it can be quite reasonably urged that in the interests of all concerned, not only of the particular country but also of international understanding, there should be uniformity in regard to fundamentals in the foreign policy of a country regardless of internal political differences. But those fundamentals should concern obligations to promote international peace and friendship. Mr. Marshall was evidently referring to the attitude which Mr. Henry Wallace and his supporters have adopted in opposition to the foreign policy of the United States Administration vis-a-vis the Soviet Union and the possibility of war. But does policy of the administration really accord with the fundamentals? There is a large body of world opinion, which can, not without justification, hold that even if the Soviet Union be largely blameworthy, the United States has failed to exhaust all efforts at patient understanding and friendly conciliation before declaring the Soviet Union as the prospective enemy and war with it as inescapable.

It is obvious that if fundamentals are respected indifferently and if what those fundamentals demand is pursued half-heartedly or impatiently differences will and must, arise to prejudice "consistency" in a country's foreign policy. But that is not the only weakness in the foreign policy of the United States Administration. That policy itself lacks "consistency". in the sense of any consistent observance of genuine, straightforward principles of international obligations and morality. For instance, what is the principle, democratic, international and ethical, underlying American support to Zionism at the expense of the real inhabitants of Palestine? Again, what principle has inspired American behaviour in the Security Council in connection with India's case regarding aggression by Tribal and Pakistan raiders through Pakistan territory? It may all be the "consistency" of expediencies. But a foreign policy based on such "consistency" is not worth while and will, in the long run prove an internationally dangerous failure.

A PLEA FOR CAUTION

(From A Correspondent)

The unique position that English occupies in our educational and political life today, has not been attained merely on account of the fact that it has been the language of our rulers. It came as an integrating force when India was wasting herself in fratricidal warfare; it created a bond of brotherhood and equality among us from Badrinath to Kanyakumari. It is greatly responsible for our national evolution during the last 150 years, and our present political ideologies are mostly based on Western thoughts, conveyed to us through the rich and sublime English Language. Our Provincial languages have also been greatly enriched by the aid of English. The sudden and dramatic enhancement of India's prestige and dignity in the international sphere is greatly due to our having had "recourse" to English — spoken and written.

With all the advantages of English as an international and highly developed language, it is certainly desirable to have a national language of our own, highly developed on the most modern and scientific lines. "You will naturally say that you should have a common language instead of English. But where is that language yet?" asked Maulana Abul Azad, India's Education Minister, in his Convocation Address at Patna University — a wise and realistic question.

Hindustani, the so-called national language, has yet to be born. The student of history will notice the peculiar conditions that prevailed when a particular language was as its making in the past. Hindi and Urdu as recognised languages evolved during the fusion of Hindu and Moghul cultures; as English did, at the intermingling of Normans and Saxons. Does a similar condition exist in India today? No. So any deliberate attempt to create an artificial language by the fusion of Urdu and Hindi for Political reasons only will be an affectation, and its success is remote.

Besides India is pitiably undeveloped in science, and a language like Hindustani, as it is cannot contribute to the betterment of our scientific works. It may be possible to coin equivalent scientific terminologies for educational purposes in Hindustani, but English terms have already earned international recognition.

The idea that the adoption of a foreign tongue as our "lingua franca" will diminish our prestige is outmoded and narrow. Replacement of English by Hindustani all on a sudden will terminate our intimate contact with the West and retard our progress, and we will be left behind when other nations are progressing with giant strides.

Bitter resentment at abolishing English as the interprovincial language in favour of Hindustani has been expressed from various parts of India. Especially Bengal, South India and Maharashtra are dangerously hostile to any kind of imposition of Hindustani on them. The very earnest desire of our leaders to preserve the integrity of India, which is the encouraging factor of imposing Hindustani on non-Hindi provinces, may even culminate in the unpleasant secession of the above provinces from the centre.

So every aspect of the problem should be considered rationally, without giving way to passion and sentiment, before any hasty step is taken towards the imposition of Hindustani on unwilling provinces. Instead of five, a period of 25 years should be allotted for the improvement of Hindustani, and, at the expiry of this period, if the language is found sufficiently improved to take the place of English it is certainly the duty of every patriotic Indian to adopt Hindustani as his "Lingua Franca".

A FIVE-YEAR PROGRAMME

TO MEET INDIA'S NEEDS IN RAW COTTON

1. Programme For Production

By M. P. Gandhi

Mr. M. P. Gandhi considers the problems of cotton production after the partition of India and arrives at the conclusion that India can attain self-sufficiency in raw cotton in five years if a determined effort is made on a national scale. He has explained how exactly this target can be achieved. In this, the first of a series of two articles, Mr Gandhi sets forth the four methods by which production can be stepped up.

The position of India in respect of supplies of indigenous raw cotton of suitable quality required by the cotton textile industry for clothing the millions of the country has never been too good, particularly in view of the preponderatingly large quantity of short staple variety grown in the country. Since the division of India from the middle of August 1947, when Pakistan, comprising West Punjab, Sind and East Bengal, has been excluded, her position has been precarious and vulnerable and would continue to cause grave anxiety unless her dependence upon foreign sources to the extent of nearly 42 per cent of her requirement of cotton is reduced by an acceleration of efforts for production in increasing quantity and improved quality of cotton from within her own territory.

OUR REQUIREMENTS.

We propose to discuss here the possibilities and methods of replacement of the quality and quantity of raw cotton as a result of the exclusion of the Dominion of Pakistan, which was a very important unit in the total production of cotton. Of the all-India production of cotton in 1945-46, namely, 34,38,000 bales, the long and medium staple constituted nearly two-thirds, or 22,34,000 bales, and out of this the production of long and medium staple cotton in Pakistan was 11,50,000 bales, roughly 51 per cent of the total production of long and medium staple cotton in all India. The immensity of the problem would be realised when it is noted that we have to replace this huge quantity of long staple cotton from within the borders of India in the immediate future. While attempting to realise this immediate objective, namely, production of 11-1/2 lakhs bales of such cotton, which correspond roughly to 33 per cent of India's entire cotton crop, we should not lose sight of the fact that even this production, if achieved, will still keep us far away from the ideal of self-sufficiency in the matter of cotton to meet even the minimum requirement of cloth of the Indian population at its present level of 14 yards per capita. At the present time, about 34-1/2 lakhs bales of Indian cotton are required by the mill industry and for extra factory consumption. The internal production of India is only about 26 lakhs bales, and there is thus a shortage of about 8-1/2 lakhs bales.

WAYS TO INCREASE PRODUCTION.

Our target in respect of production of raw cotton can be aimed at (1) replacement of the quantity lost by the exclusion of Pakistan, or (2) production of suitable quantity for keeping our mills engaged to their maximum capacity, or (3) production of a still larger quantity which will be required for supplying the minimum clothing necessary for the total population of the Indian Dominion according to international standards. For the short-range programme we can concern ourselves with the first objective, as the latter two objectives are in a sense idealistic and may well be aimed at as part of the long-range programme before the country. Our immediate short-term programme would, therefore, be a replenishment of the loss of cotton which was available so far from Pakistan, as we cannot depend on supplies from Pakistan which may establish her trade relations with other countries for reasons of diplomacy or currency.

The short-term policy can be implemented by three or four methods. An easy method which would naturally strike one is an increase in the area under cultivation from 11-1/2 lakhs acres to about 16 lakhs acres, but in doing so there would be serious difficulties in encroaching upon land under food-crops in view of the pressing food requirements of the country. We would suggest therefore that the first practicable method of relieving the situation is to undertake an intensive cultivation of the areas already under cotton.

Looking at the average acre yield of India and comparing it with the yields in other progressive countries, one cannot but be struck by the huge scope that this method offers for immediate achievement of the ideal of higher production, by proper manuring and judicious adjustment of cultivation practices. While the average yield per acre in India is only about 120 lbs., the yield in U. S. A. is 293 lbs. in Egypt 531 lbs., in the Soviet Union 322 lbs. per acre. There are vast technological possibilities of improvement in yield and quality, which should be explored immediately.

The second method is by the extension of cotton cultivation to areas on the mountain slopes and valleys, where several varieties, especially long stapled perennials, could be cultivated as plantation crops.

COTTON AS ROTATION CROP

The third method is the introduction of cotton as a rotation crop in paddy lands, thus utilising the land which would otherwise lie fallow after harvest of paddy, while the fourth is the replacement of the existing short staple variety by superior quality strain where such types are already evolved.

All the four methods by which our ideal of immediately supplanting the production of Pakistan cotton could be attained have to be translated into a direct plan of working, a rough outline of which we give in the following paragraphs.

Firstly, we would suggest the enforcement of legislation by the proper Provincial and State Governments for demarcating single variety tracts, as for instance, the Khandesh Jarilla tract, in each Province and State, and the banning of cultivation of all varieties other than the principal ones, in the interest of production of a higher uniform quality of cotton which would benefit the grower, the trader and the manufacturer equally.

Secondly, we would suggest that adequate supply of manure should be made available by pooling all our resources, primarily in all localities where cotton is cultivated under irrigation, namely, the Madras Cambodia Tracts, the Mysore Irwin Canal Tracts, and the Canal Irrigated Area in East Punjab, in view of the fact that the response of the crop to manure in irrigated tracts is expected to be greater than in the rain-fed areas, and also by a general distribution of manure in the rain-fed tracts.

REPLACE SHORT STAPLE BY IMPROVED STRAINS

Thirdly we would suggest the immediate replacement of short staple cottons by the improved strains already evolved for Mathia, Wagad, Kumpta, Gadag C. P. and Berar, and the Ledeo Districts comprising Westerns, Mungari, and Northerns Tracts. Superior varieties like Kalyan in the Wagad Tract and Pratap in the Mathia Tract in Saurashtra, Jawahir in Kumpta Tract, Subash in Gadag Tract, and other important types in other areas could be easily grown.

It should be appreciated that in all places, e.g. Bombay it is not possible to substitute long staple varieties easily. On a rough estimate, however, these measures would result in an extra yield of about 8 lakhs bales of medium and staple cotton types within a period of 2 to 3 years.

Lastly, we would suggest an undertaking by Government of distribution of pure selected seed for cultivation through Provincial Departments. This should be one of the main planks of the plan to be undertaken for meeting the deficit of cotton of the required quality within the country.

A whole-hearted implementation of the programme on the lines outlined above would not only change the face of the Indian cotton but would also contribute in a large measure to the improvement of the production position of cotton in India.

It is also essential that in this object is to be attained within a measurable period of time, the officers and the people concerned should be fired with a spirit of zeal and enthusiasm for working on the different aspects of the plans simultaneously. A greater co-ordination in the departmental machinery will be absolutely essential and vital for the achievement of the target laid down.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Marmagoa

Sir,—The Port of Mermagoa is well known as a harbour safe and suitable for use by vessels of all seats all the year round. Small coastal vessels and large cargo boats call there any time of the year. It is a cause of regret that B. I. steamers of the African Line over 10,000 tons avoid it during the monsoon, no reason being given or known for such omission. The call at Marmagoa is a great help to all the Goan emigrants to Africa and this facility which is greatly appreciated should be given throughout the year. Any harbour charges incurred by the British India Steam Navigation Co. are more than compensated by the passenger traffic.

By the call at Margagoa an indirect benefit is also conferred on the transport system of the Indian Union by reducing the unnecessary 3-day railway travel to Bombay, which is necessitated by the omission of Marmagoa as a port of call during the monsoon and the pressure on hotel accommodation in Bombay is relieved.

Would the authorities kindly consider whether this suggestion could be put into practice, thereby earning the graatitude of the large number of the Goan emigrants proceeding to and coming from Africa—Yours, etc.,

AN EMIGRANT

Railway Quarters

Sir,—It is true that the housing problem is causing endless trouble and anxiety to all those unfortunate people coming from Pakistan and Government are doing their best to render all possible assistance to provide accommodation as far as possible For instance, funds are reported to have been allotted for building new quarters at Bombay for India-opted railwaymen posted at Bombay. This is, of course, praiseworthy but one fails to see why similar action should not be taken to build quarters for those railwaymen posted at other stations. Certainly, under the present difficult conditions prevailing all over the country, Bombay cannot be treated as an exception since the housing problem is equally bad at other places also.

The majority of the railwaymen posted at Bhusawal have not yet been able to find suitable accommodation. It is a fact that the Railway has provided temporary accommodation at Bhusawal for Railway refugees in the form of Kutcha huts roofed with G. Iron sheets. Just imagine the plight of those living in the hot season under the canopy of G. Iron sheets.—Yours etc.,

C. M. LALA

Our Constitution In Indian Languages

Sir,—The Constitution of India, which has been drafted in English and which may be passed by the Constitutent Assembly in this English form, must be made available in all the Indian languages. If a translation is made from English, there is no possibility of any uniformity in the rendering into the various languages in the matter of terminology and presentation. If such translations are to be made from a Hindi version the difficulty will be that at present the writers and other literary men in the various languages may not have the needed command of Hindi. The most practicable plan would be to make an authorised version into Sanskrit, from which renderings can be made into all the languages. All Sanskrit scholars are also highly proficient in their respective languages; and there are no writers or other literary men in any Indian language who are not also proficient in Sanskrit. On account of the vast literature available in Sanskrit in jurisprudence law and politics, there is a wealth of vocabulary in Sanskrit even in the matter of the necessary technical terms. Further the terms in Sanskrit have been properly defined and there is complete precision and freedom from ambiguity in the case of such Sanskrit terms. So it is suggested that an authorised version be first made into Sanskrit, from which authentic renderings can be made into the various languages of India in a uniform way. In all the Indian languages, the vocabulary is essentially, at least predominantly Sanskritic which makes such uniformity quite possible—Yours, etc.,

O. KUNHAN RAJA.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

People's Will Must Prevail

There is something curious, to use a mild expression, in the manner in which the Maharaja of Baroda seems to be handling questions of the most vital interest to the state and its people. After prolonged negotiations with the leaders of the Praja Mandal in the presence of Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary of the States Ministry, Government of India, an agreement was arrived at covering a Constituent Assembly and Interim Government. On April 9, the Maharaja made an announcement which was widely welcomed. Almost immediately it was discovered that there were material discrepancies between what was agreed upon and the terms of the announcement. Negotiations were started for clearing up what was presumed to be the result of misunderstandings. In the midst of these negotiations, the ruler came away to Bombay en route to Paris. The Praja Mandal leaders followed him and as a result of further negotiations the Maharaja signed a second agreement on April 26. The same day he boarded a T. W. A. plane for Paris. And now it transpires that his departure was sudden and unknown to the Praja Mandal leaders. A vital question regarding the proposed appointment of Dr. Jivraj Mehta as the Prime Minister had been left unsettled by the Maharaja. Mr Chunilal P. Shah, President of the State Praja Mandal, has sent a cable which awaits the ruler's arrival in Paris. To say the least, this is conduct which ill befits the responsibilities of a ruler. Lord Curzon laid the greatest importance on Indian rulers staying in the country. He even went so far as to insist on their obtaining leave of absence before flitting to Europe. It seems that healthy principle will have once more to be asserted.

Topsy-Turvydom

The decision of the Government of Bombay making a cut of 50 per cent in the normal basic ration of private cars and motor cycles besides other varying cuts on bus services, goods vehicles and taxis, has evoked protests from many quarters. The cut is understood to have been caused chiefly by an unprecedented increase in the registration of vehicles during the last three months, at the phenomenal average rate of 50 per day. The Government of Bombay has pressed the Government of India for increased petrol ration. Anticipating the sanction of the increase demanded, the Bombay order hopefully describes the cut as "provisional". While, sharing in that hope, we would like to point out that the order does not seem to be fully in consonance with the object it professes to achieve. The order states that the cuts are made "in order to maintain an equitable distribution, and in order to meet essential needs...." To cut the basic ration by half but to retain the supplementary ration on the same basis as was issued for March and April seems a somewhat curious way of fulfilling this objective, unless we assume that the words "basic" and "supplementary" have no meaning whatsoever. It is fair to assume that the "basic" ration is what really is absolutely necessary, and the "supplementary" ration is an additional quota which may be permitted after meeting the basic ration fully. Why then has the Government been guilty of topsy-turvydom by cutting the "basic" ration even when the "supplementary" ration could be continued?

The Public And The Police

Complaints have already appeared in the press regarding the inconvenience reported to have been caused to the public by the security arrangements made by the police during the recent visit of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Prime Minister, and other leaders to the city. These incidents are very much to be regretted. But there is something to be said for the police. They had a big responsibility. They were charged with the duty of safeguarding and protecting the lives of Pandit Nehru and others, and the possibilities of danger in this matter, are, unfortunately today, not so illusory as some people seem to believe. Secondly, the public also must learn to adjust themselves to the changed circumstances. Jawaharlal has always been the idol of the masses and they are accustomed to swarm around him and show their affection towards him even at considerable inconvenience to him. But they must realise that he is no longer merely a popular leader. He is the head of the Government on whom rests problems of exceeding gravity. The public will, therefore, have to deny themselves—sometimes at least—the pleasure of lionising him. While taking due note of both these aspects of the question, we must state that the police should take every care to see that their zeal does not lead them to overstep the limits of absolute need. Today the public is master of the police and even of Pandit Nehru, and it cannot be treated as in the palmy days of police rule. New responsibilities go ill with old prejudices.

Attitude Should Change

While it is possible to plead certain circumstances in extenuation of the behaviour of the police towards the large mass of the public among whom, they cannot distinguish between the innocent admirer and the concealed foe, there seems to be much less excuse for the reported incidents of rudeness of certain police officers towards members of the press. Practically every reporter, including those of our paper, was subjected to very rough treatment at the Chowpatty meeting addressed by Pandit Nehru although they produced their identity cards. Some of these incidents were brought to the notice of the Home Minister himself by individual reporters. But there is a persistent complaint of a needlessly unfriendly attitude on the part of the police towards the press—sometimes taking the form of refusal to give news and sometimes going to the extreme of rudeness. We can understand firmness when the occasion calls for firmness, but we must emphasise that rudeness should not be mistaken for firmness. While it is not necessary to think that the police have always been at fault, the generality of complaint calls for some attention. Everything is to be gained by more cordial relations between the press and the police. We trust that the Home Minister, who is well aware of this need, will take necessary steps to remove the grounds of suspicion and mistrust.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

KARACHI, April 28.

Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah, Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan and Begum Liaquat Ali Khan have agreed to a sign pledge to wear only cloth manufactured in Pakistan, announced Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, Finance Minister, addressing the Economic Control Conference. He suggested the adoption of handweaving and handspinning as a permanent measure to overcome cloth shortage in Pakistan—A.P.I.

* * *

In a militant retort to India's Prime Minister, Mr. Kasim Razvi declares that "in Hyderabad the Government of His Majesty the Nizam will exist....."

Which is a formal proclamation not of the Nizam as King but of Mr. Kasim Razvi as King-maker.

* * *

Mr. L. W. Jardine, a former N-W. F. Province I.C.S. officer, who has arrived in Bombay as leader of a Moral Rearmament Mission says: "Once I wanted to rule India, then I wanted to serve India, that is why I have come back to India."

The he is right in coming to India instead of going to the N-W.F.P.

* * *

At a Press Conference at Dacca, Mian Iftikharuddin suggested that the minorities in Pakistan should lead a deputation to Qaid-e-Azam and ask him whether the minorities should start a separate political organisation for their own development.

For his own sake, we do earnestly hope, Mian Sahib was planning to be funny only at the expense of the minorities.

* * *

Mr. Ghulam Mohammad, Pakistan's Finance Minister, has announced that Government is determined to eliminate from the administration every corrupt ewployee no matter how highly placed he may be.

Let's whistle in anticipation of sensations.

* * *

Addressing a public meeting at Peshawar Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar warned "your enemies have ever since the birth of Pakistan tried all possible means to crush the new state."

Even the audiences of Sardar Nishtar and his fellow-leaders should now be getting fed up with the technique of a fixed diversionary tactic.

* * *

At the same meeting Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan strongly condemned the subversive activities of, as he put it, "quislings" like Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan.

The laws and political etiquette of India are different as even Madras Md. Ismail Sahib will thankfully recognise.

* * *

"India Wants No Third Party"
Harijan Leader Deprecates Ambedkar's Statement.
—Headlines.

The Harijan leader just doesn't understand. It is Doctor Ambedkar that wants it.

* * *

The Defence Ministers of the five Brussels (Western Union) Powers are shortly meeting in London to discuss joint defence problems.

The object, Reuter reveals, would be to draw up a common plan of defence which could be dovetailed into a scheme of joint American-European defence, in much the same way as the Marshall Aid plan was preceded by a European self-aid programme.

And we needn't try to improve on that.

* * *

M. Pietro Nenni, leader of the pro-Communist Italian Socialists has resigned from his post on the Executive Committee of the Italian Socialist Party, says a Rome message.

But where does he go from there?

WEST BENGAL CABINET

Ex-Premier On Resignations And Demand For Re-Formation

CALCUTTA, April 28 (API) Dr. P. C. Ghosh, former West Bengal Premier and member Congress Working Committee, today indicated on his return here that he had discussed the question of the suggested reconstitution of Dr. B.C. Roy's Cabinet with the Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru.

But as the discussion was of a private nature he was unable to disclose anything, Dr. Ghosh said.

Dr. Ghosh, who was speaking to newsmen, deprecated suggestion that the Congress High Command would "interfere" in this matter and had no doubt that the High Command would follow a democratic procedure and be guided by the wishes of the Party.

As regards the constitutional propriety raised by Dr B.C. Roy of certain Ministers and Parliamentary Secretaries addressing to him letters of resignation and demanding reconstitution of the Ministry, Dr Ghosh said that he was not quite sure if it was unconstitutional for a Minister or a Parliamentary Secretary to address a sealed communication to the leader of the Party as a Party member "and I may add that the same procedure was adopted last time when reconstitutional issue was raised then" he remarked.

Asked as to whether there had been any withdrawal of signatures since the submission of the requisition Dr. Ghosh said that he was not aware that anybody has withdrawn his signature.

SIND CABINET

KARACHI April 28 (API) Kazi Fazlullah's resignation from the Sind Cabinet has been accepted by the Governor, a Press Note said today.

The Press Note added that pending the formation of a new Ministry, Pir Ilahi Bux and Mr. Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur would continue to function as the Council of Ministers".

INDIA MANUFACTURES ROAD ROLLERS

The "City of Delhi" the first steam road roller built in India was inaugurated at Jamshedpur on April 22 by Dr. S. P. Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply. On his left is seen Sir G. Bewoor resident Director of the Tata Engineering and Locomotive Company and next to him stands Dr. Syed Mahmud, Development Minister, Bihar

U. N. O. COUNCIL EXPECTS INDIA AND PAKISTAN TO FALL IN LINE

Ayyangar Given Copy Of Kashmir Resolution

NEW DELHI, April 28 (API) The leader of the Indian delegation to the Security Council Mr. N Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, who returned here today, met the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru in the evening and held prolonged discussions with him on the Council's resolution on Kashmir Mr. Ayyangar, it will be recalled had definitely expressed his strong opposition to the resolution and so also had Pt. Nehru during the recent AICC session and elsewhere. What the final attitude of the Government of India will be in regard to the resolution still remains obscure.

Mr. Ayyangar, however, had told the Security Council that if the resolution was carried despite his objection and opposition, it will be for the Government of India to decide its course of action in the circumstances so created.

The Cabinet is likely to meet to consider the issue within the next two days when it will have the benefit of Mr. Ayyangar's personal apprisal.

U.N. COUNCIL'S EXPECTATIONS

It is understood that before his departure Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar was given by the Security Council authorities a copy of the resolution. The implication of this is interpreted to be the Council's expectation that India would give effect to the resolution, a similar procedure is presumed to have been adopted in the case of Pakistan delegation.

Gandhi Memorial Postal Stamps

NEW DELHI, April 26, (API): Four denominations of Gandhi Memorial Postal Stamps will be put on sale in India in about three months from now.

Arrangements for printing these by photogravure process were completed by Mr. Krishna Prasada, Director-General of Post and Telegraphs, during his recent visit to Switzerland. The job which could not be done in India owing to lack of similar equipment at the India Security Press, Nasik, has been entrusted with a press in Switzerland, noted for its high standard in design and printing.

The four denominations will be 1-1/2 annas for inland postage, 9 1/2 annas for foreign surface mail, twelve annas for Air Mail and Rs. 10. The first three will be in single colours and the last in two colours and slightly larger size. Two different portraits of Mahatma Gandhi have been used for the three smaller and the higher denominations.

Arrangements have been made to despatch the stamps as soon as ready from Switzerland to the U. K. and the U.S.A. Enquiries about the issue are already being received from many foreign countries.

Preparations have also been undertaken at the Philatelic Bureau, Bombay, to meet the large demands for these Memorial Stamps and to cater to the convenience of the public. Mr. Krishna Prasada, who made a special study of the Philatelic Bureau at Berne, intends to enlarge the Bombay Bureau and make it up to date, with a view to improving its services.

FORWARD BLOC AND MAY DAY

BOMBAY, April 28 (API): Mr. Sheel Bhadra Yajee, General Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc in a statement today said that the responsibility for the successful organisation of May Day "falls on the shoulders of the Forward Bloc" due to "all active Trade Union and Kisan Workers of the Communist Party having been removed from the scene" by the Government and lodged in jail.

Mr. Yajee called upon all Forward Bloc units and members throughout the country to take the lead in organising May Day in all centres according to the programme of the All-India Trade Union Congress.

This year's May Day, being the first after India became free, had a special significance, Mr. Yajee concluded, and requested the Central and Provincial Governments to declare May 1 as a public holiday to enable the masses to celebrate it in a proper manner.

Railway Official Convicted

NEW DELHI, April 28 (API): The Sub-Divisional Magistrate at Nanpara has sentenced Kundanlal Aggarwal, Asst. Station Master at Matera on Oudh-Tirhut Railway, to six months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500. Kundanlal was prosecuted, under Sec. 161 Indian Penal Code, for receiving illegal gratification for booking of goods.

Military Lend Lease To Western Europe

WASHINGTON, April 28 (Reuter): Mr. George Marshall, United States Secretary of State, said today the State Department was considering the provision of military lend lease to the signatories of the Western European Union.

At his press conference, Mr. Marshall declined to give any other information about proposals to carry out President Truman's March 17 promises support for the Western Union.

Dominion Premiers To Confer

LONDON, April 28 (Reuter) Mr. Atlee said in the House of Commons today that conversations were taking place on the possibility of a London conference of the Dominion Prime Ministers.

STOP PRESS

MALWA UNION

NEW DELHI, April 28. (U.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, will inaugurate the Malwa Union on May 11 at Indore. it is learnt.

U. S. WARNS RUSSIA.

WASHINGTON, April 28, (Reuter): The United States warned Russia today against "any violation by the Soviet military authorities in Austria of their obligations" and of American rights in Vienna.

CEASE FIRE IN OLD CITY OF JERUSALEM?

LAKE SUCCESS, April 28 (Reuter): Arab and Jewish representatives told the United Nations Trusteeship Council tonight they were prepared to send telegrams to their organisations in Palestine recommending an immediate cease fire inside the walls of the Old City of Jerusalem.

PAKISTAN PLANE IN BRITAIN

LONDON, April 28 (Reuter): The first Pakistan air force plane to land in Britain touched down at Orpington aerodrome, Cambridgeshire, last night, bringing 17 service men who are to undergo a course of instruction.

The aircraft, a Dakota, was piloted by squadron-Leader A. Baig.

KING ABDULLAH TO VISIT SYRIA

JERUSALEM, April 28 (Reuter):—King Abdullah of the Transjordan leaves Amman tomorrow for a state visit to Syria and the Lebanon at the invitation of both Governments, according to the British-controlled Near-East Arab broadcasting station.

U.S. BILL TO PROSECUTE COMMUNIST PARTY OFFICIALS

WASHINGTON, April 28 (Reuter): The House on American Activities Committee approved unanimously today a bill to allow criminal prosecution of Communist Party Officials and to expose party members and fronts.

The Committee hopes to put the Bill to the House of Representatives next week.

INDIA AVERTS CRISIS ON FOOD FRONT

(Continued from Page 1)

situation has considerably improved in the course of the last two months. In February, it was feared that we may not succeed in securing more than 1,700,000 tons during 1948. Today, as a result of various factors, the chances of securing 2,000,000 tons from outside India have definitely improved. At the same time there has been improvement in another direction also during these two months. While in February it was feared that the contributions from the Provinces and States may not exceed 300,000 tons, to-day we have the confidence that the internal surplus availabe to the Central Government from the Provinces and States would come up to 500,000 tons. I have a feeling that with the co-operation of all parts of the country, this internal surplus may reach even a higher figure. The change in the situation from February to April has thus been substantial. If we include the 500,000 tons of the carry-over from 1947, our total availabilities of foodgrains for distribution are now calculated to be of the figure of 3,600,000 tons. This situation has enabled the Government of India to increase its allocation to the deficit areas from

WANTED CO-OPERATIVE EFFORT

I may venture to express my feeling that we can successfully avoid any unusual development on the food front if we all in the country, the Government, the trade and the people, could more effectively cooperate than has been possible so far. Our problems are not solved by the mere knowledge that we have some surplus inside the country and that we can import a good quantity of foodgrains from other countries. Things will not happen simply by themselves.

"Today it will not be the failure of the last monsoon in some parts of our country but our own failure in making a determined and co-operative effort to deal with its consequences which will be responsible for any hardships our people may go through. Considering the speedy response of several provinces and States and the manner in which our transport system is rising to the occasion, I feel hopeful that we will be in a position to avoid any major food crisis

FOOD POSITION IN PROVINCES

The first quarterly review of the food position in the country after the policy of decontrol was adopted began here today at a conference which is being attended by the Premiers and Food Ministers of the provinces and Indian States.

The Conference today heard from the premiers of provinces and States a review of the food situation in their respective areas. While the Premiers from the Surplus areas as well as areas on the verge of self-sufficiency expressed themselves satisfied with the results of decontrol, it is understood that the representatives from the deficit areas—such as Madras, Bombay, West Bengal, Mysore, Cochin and Travancore—drew attention to the rather difficult situation arising in their areas where the prices of foodgrains had risen were still rising to a point which might make it difficult for the poorer point classes specially to get their foodgrains.

Ten Premiers and 14 Food Ministers took part in the general discussion on the food situation in various provinces and states at today's session of the conference.

BOMBAY'S POSITION

In the absence of Mr. B. G. Kher Premier of Bombay, who joined the conference later straight from the aerodrome, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, the Bombay Food Minister, stated that Bombay was a heavily deficit area in foodgrains and they needed a larger allotment from the Centre. To meet the threat of increasing prices of foodgrains, they were organising a chain of fair price shops for the whole province. For increased food production, Mr. Desai pleaded for larger supplies of diesel oil for the cultivators. If necessary, these might be diverted from industrial concerns.

The conference appointed a Sub-Committee consisting of the Food Ministers of certain Provinces and States to report on the steps to be taken to prevent hoarding, and three other Sub-Committees consisting of Officials from the Central Government, Provinces and States to make recommendations on improving transport arrangements, the supply of materials for increasing food production and the arrangements necessary for ensuring grain supplies to certain classes of the people.

Conference will continue its deliberations tomorrow.

Dr. Pattabhi

BARODA, April 28 (API): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya arrived here this morning from Bombay on a short visit.

Burmese Controller Of Immigration

RANGOON, April 28 (Reuter): U Ba Saing, Burmese Controller of Immigration, returned here today after attending talks in New Delhi on immigration of Indians to Burma.

ALWAR RULER EXONERATED

Not Connected With R.S.S. Activities In His State

NEW DELHI, April 28 (A.P.I.): A Press Note issued by the States Ministry to-day completely exonerates the Maharaja of Alwar from being in any way personally connected with the activities of the R.S.S. in his state.

Referring to the communal trouble in the state the communique holds Meos solely responsible for what happened in Alwar. It says: "In the disturbances which led to the departure of the Meos from the state, the Meos were by no means an inoffensive minority. On the other hand, clear proof has been forthcoming to show that it was the Meos who played an aggressive and militant role. They fomented serious communal trouble in latter part of 1946 and in 1947.

The enquiry concerning Dr N. B. Khare, former Prime Minister of Alwar and other officials of the state is proceeding.

Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary, Ministry of States, went to Alwar yesterday and is expected to return this evening. The Maharaja of Alwar, who was asked to stay out of the State while the enquiry was proceeding, is returning to Alwar to-day, it is learnt.

The Press Note says:—"Having considered the material before them regarding the activities of the Rashtriya Swayam Sewak Sangh in the Alwar State and the possible complicity of that organisation in the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi and in other serious crimes as well as the allegations of support extended to it by the State Government, the Government of India on the 7th February 1948 directed an investigation to be made and, pending its conclusion, temporarily took over the administration of the State.

The enquiry, which was conducted by Mr. K. B. L. Sethi I.C.S., has concluded in so far as it relates to His Highness personally. The Government of India are very gratified to announce that it has been established to their satisfaction that His Highness himself was not concerned in any such activities.

MEOS RESPONSIBLE.

The enquiry has further disclosed that, in the disturbances which led to the departure of the Meos from the state, the Meos were by no means an inoffensive minority. On the other hand, clear proof has been forthcoming to show that it was the Meos who played an aggressive and militant role. They fomented serious communal disturbances in the latter part of 1946 and in 1947. Retaliation followed and the conflict took on the form of a communal feud.

The enquiry concerning Dr. N. B. Khare, formerly Prime Minister of Alwar, and other officials of the state is proceeding.

12 Killed In Bus Mishap

MONGHYR, April 28 (API): Twelve persons were killed and thirteen others injured in a serious bus accident between Tarapur and Sultanganj according to a report received here.

The report adds that the accident took place when the bus was crossing a wooden bridge which gave way under the weight of the bus.

"IMMINENT WAR"

LONDON, April 28 (Reuter).—Refugees fleeing from the continued Jewish offensive in Palestine streamed over the Jordon to the protection of King Abdullah's territory also towards Syria and the Lebanon in tens of thousands today, as United Nations efforts to reach even a truce in the city of Jerusalem came to nothing.

Official reports on the situation in Transjordan, relayed to London at the request of the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, put down Jewish source rumours that the Transjordan Parliament had declared war on Zionism, but the hundreds of Arabs crossing Allenby bridge over the Jordon in overcrowded lorries and buses seemed to bear out Cairo reports of "imminent war"

Jews Won't Be Allowed To Occupy Jaffa

TEL AVIV, April 28 (Reuter): British troops would not allow Jewish troops to occupy the all-Arab city of Jaffa, now under Irgun attack, the District High Commissioner, Mr. Fuller, was reported to-day to have informed Jewish Tel Aviv Mayor Mr Israel Rokach.

The message was said to have been delivered by the Assistant Commissioner, who had added that British troops would prevent the Jewish occupation by force if necessary.

Last night's military co-operation agreement by Haganah, the Jewish Defence Force, and Irgun Zvai Leumi, the Terrorist Organisation, was expected to result in an Haganah attack on Jaffa, where Irgun has been in action for the past three days.

NO MORE REFUGEES TO BE REGISTERED IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, April 28.

No more refugees will be registered in Delhi. Instructions have been issued not to entertain fresh applications for registration. The registration of those refugees who had already applied and were asked to come for registration at a later date will, however, be completed.

The above decision is in pursuance of an earlier announcement which stated that refugees from Western Pakistan who were registered in Delhi after December 10, 1947, and refugees from N.W.F.P., Sind, Baluchistan and Bahawalpur who were registered after February 29, 1948, will not be eligible for relief and rehabilitation benefits in Delhi Province. In view of this decision, the Government of India have decided that no useful purpose will be served by continuing the registration of refugees in Delhi.

The Government of India wish to emphasise that registration does not confer any right on any refugee to rehabilitation in Delhi. In fact it is quite certain that even with the expansion contemplated, Delhi will not be able to absorb even half the population already registered in Delhi.

BRITISH TANKS ENTER BATTLE FOR JAFFA

(Continued from Page 1)

vided with food and shelter here by a specially-appointed commission.

ARABS REFUSE TO DISCUSS PEACE

LONDON, April 28 (Reuter) The Arabs have rejected the plea by the United Nations Truce Committee in Jerusalem to discuss peace in Palestine, it was officially stated.

BRITAIN TO STICK TO HER DECISION

LONDON, April 28, (Reuter): Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin insisted to-day that Britain could not "at this late hour" reverse the process of her withdrawal from Palestine.

Mr. Bevin was asked in Parliament under what circumstances the British Government was prepared to carry on or take part in the administration of Palestine after May 15—when the British Mandate is due to end.

He replied by recalling a statement by Colonial Secretary Mr. Arthur Creech-Jones, in New York last October that if there was a settlement between Jews and Arabs, the British Government would, if desired, continue the administration of Palestine during the limited period before the transfer to Independence and would consider an invitation to take part in giving effect to such a settlement in partnership with other members of the United Nations.

"But there has been no agreement between Jews and Arabs," Mr. Bevin said.

WITHDRAWAL IN PROGRESS

"Moreover, withdrawal of British administrative personnel has begun and is proceeding rapidly and we cannot reverse the process at this late hour."

Mr. Seymour Cocks, Labour, drew Mr. Bevin's attention to a "public declaration by King Abdulah of Transjordania that he intended to invade Palestine".

He asked what Mr. Bevin intended to do about this under the terms of Britain's alliance with Transjordania.

Mr. Bevin replied that he did not see what steps under the terms of the alliance with Transjordan this announcement required.

Mr. Ben Levy, Labour, asked if the supply of British equipment, money, and officers was to continue to Transjordan irrespective of whom they might elect to attack.

Mr. Bevin replied "you must not assume that. This matter is before the United Nations and I must await the result of the discussions. I am not going to be drawn into promises and commitments about the Transjordan force until I known the final decision of the United Nations".

SUSPEND ARMS SUPPLY TO ARABS.

Mr. Cocks asked whether the Foreign Secretary would not suspend delivery of arms to the Arab States and whether he would allow the Jews to have arms with which to defend themselves in view of the War Council of Arab States just held in the Transjordan

Mr. Bevin: "From all my information from Palestine at the moment, it seems to me that the Jews are the best armed, but I cannot draw distinctions."

King Abdullah's Expansionist Plans

JERUSALEM, April 28. (Reuter): A Jewish agency spokesman, quoting what he called "a one hundred per cent reliable source", told correspondents to-day that King Abdullah of Transjordan's reported declaration of war against the Zionists was "a fact" in spite of yesterday's denials.

King Abdullah's motive, the spokesman asserted, was not to save Palestine but to "further his own expansionist plans for a Greater Syria."

ARAB TERMS FOR TRUCE

CAIRO, April 28 (Reuter): The Arab League Secretariat said today the Arabs are willing to accept 'any measures destined to safeguard the holy places in the Old City of Jerusalem".

The Arabs are ready, the Secretariat added, to conclude a truce providing: 1. That the struggle inside the Old City be ended and any attacks against or from the Old City forbidden

2. That Arab and Jewish guards in the Old City remained armed.

3. That the 'status quoante' of the Old City be maintained.

The statement added that the Arabs are also willing to accept a truce to cover the Mount of Alives area on the outskirts of Jerusalem.

"The Arabs have no objection to placing maintenance of the holy places in the hands of a religious body", it said.

JEWISH FORCES ENTER JAFFA?

JERUSALEM April 28 (UPA):—Powerful Jewish forces hammered their way into Jaffa today and the Arab population was fleeing the city.

Irgun Zvai Leumi fighters broke the Arab defence lines in the north-east suburbs and were pressing southward against weakened resistance down upon the port area, while Hagana troops continued their offensive drive from south of the city An Arab Jefeat seemed probably and some 60,000 civilian Arabs in the city were seeking to escape.

Arabs Repulse Enemy Attacks

DAMASCUS, April 28 (Reuter):—General headquarters of the Arab forces in Palestine stated here tonight that the Arab garrison in Jaffa was still repulsing repeated enemy attacks "courageously"

The Communique said:

"A heavy Jewish attack on Jaffa began yesterday evening, the Jews bombarding the town with heavy artillery and shells from aircraft.

A big battle is rolling in the town between our forces and the enemy.

"The garrison is still resisting, repulsing repeated enemy attacks courageously".

TERRORIST CLAIM

TEL AVIV, April 28 (Reuter): Jewish forces attacking the Arab port of Jaffa in the face of British spitfires and armoured defences tonight claimed to have occupied the Manshieh quarter, in the north-western area of the city.

Jewish Women Called Up For National Service

JERUSALEM, April 27 (Reuter).—The Jewish Defence Force Haganah tonight ordered the mobilisation of all women in Tel Aviv married or unmarried between the ages of 17 and 25 for national service

Haganah also called up all Jews, aged 36 and 37 who served as officers in the British Army in world war two, and all doctors up to 45.

Lady Maharaj Singh At Children's Library

Lady Maharaj Singh visited the Children's Library and Reading Room run by the Women's Conference at Wilson College Bombay on Wednesday evening. Photo shows Lady Maharaj Singh with Mrs. Mithan Lam, Mrs Dongerkeri, Mrs. K. B. Bharucha and Miss Rustomji Chairman of the Library and others.

SINGAPORE DOCK STRIKE SPREADS TO SWETTENHAM

Show-Down Between Government And Communists Expected On May Day

SINGAPORE, April 28 (Reuter:—The Singapore harbour strike today spread to Port Swettenham, main port of the Federation of Malaya, when labourers there struck in sympathy completely stopping work on 15 ships. The strike followed visits yesterday of agitators from Singapore

SINGAPORE STRIKE

The struggle between the Singapore Government and the Communist- dominated Singapore Federation of Trade Unions, reported to have been fomenting recent industrial trouble, is expected to reach a showdown on May Day when the Federation, according to its leaders, will defy the Government order banning a mass rally of 100,000 workers in the City Park and a procession through the Singapore streets.

Brigadier P. A. B. McKerron, the Colonial Secretary, at a Press Conference this morning issued an ultimatum banning all rallies and processions in Singapore from May 1 till further notice.

"The Government is confident it has the resources necessary to enforce the decision, with military backing up the police if necessary", said Brigadier McKerron.

He added: "Singapore expects every law-abiding citizen to do his duty on May Day and that the workers will celebrate quietly either at work or at home'

Brigadier McKerron's announcement withdrew earlier permission granted to the Federation to hold a mass rally in the City Park

The permission was withdrawn after the Federation spokesman yesterday declared that workers would defy the Government order and take out a procession through the streets after the rally.

NO GAGGING

There was no question of the Government trying to restrain expression of legitimate opinion, Brigadier McKerron said, but the Government was determined to maintain law and order. Anyone defying the order would have to face the consequences. Any transport carrying workers to the rally would be seized.

The last occasion on which the Government banned a procession was on February 15, 1946, when police clashed with Communists celebrating the fall of Singapore. This was under the British Military Administration. Ten Chinese Communist leaders were shortly afterwards deported to China

COMMUNIST CHARGE AGAINST GASPERI

Pursuit Of War Policy Backed By U.S. Arms

ROME April 27. (U.P.A.): Italian Communists charged to-dayy that Italian Premier Alcide de Gasperi wanted arms from America to pursue a 'war policy"

The charge was based on an interview between De Gasperi and United Press of America President Hugh Baillie which was prominently displayed by all the Italian press for the second day with the Rightists opposing the extreme Leftist claim that the interview disclosed the "Catholic Government's aims toward a military alliance with the West.

Argument over the interview and continuing dissention within the ranks of the Left Wing Socialist Party were the major political events to-day.

Giuseppe Romita, leader of the dissident Left Wing Socialists, called on party Secretary Lelio Basso to-day to present a formal demand for a new party at a congress to decide on withdrawal from the Communist-led bloc.

NENNI PLANS VACATION.

The noon newspaper "Espresso", reported that party chief Pietro Nenni was planning a long vacation on the Riviera because this threatened to split the party, but political observers discounted this completely pointing out that Nenni had weathered crisis after crisis and had never given any indication he would quit rather than fight out the present one.

The party's Executive Committee has scheduled a meeting for May 15-17 to debate a request for a party congress.

The Communist newspaper, "Unita", headlined its report on the de Gasperi interview with: "de Gasperi asks Americans for arms for 'active participation' in war bloc" The Left Wing Socialist organ, "Avanti", said de Gasperi had revealed the Catholic Party programme which allegedly had been hidden from voters before the elections.

Kramer Earns More Than 70,000 Dollars

KANSAS CITY, April 28 (Reuter): Jack Kramer says a possible "natural let down" is the only thing he has to fear in his professional tennis tour with Bobby Riggs.

He added: "I know I can beat Riggs and I'm going to beat him just as often and as badly as I can, but it's awafully hard to keep your game sharp when playing night after night and when you feel you are winning with comparative ease. Should I go into a slump, and Riggs hit a winning stride, then it could be tough on me".

Jack Harris, manager of the tour, said Kremer's earnings through the match here exceeded 70,000 dollars. Riggs has earned slightly over 40,000 dollars.

MISRA AND SHAWNEY BEATEN

The Indian Davis cup doubles pair of Misra and Shawney were eliminated in the opening round of the men's doubles by the strong combination of Eric Sturgess, South Africa, and R. Van MecGreren, Holland, who won 5/7, 6/3, 6/2, 6/3.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, April 28.

Market opened quiet and steadied on bear covering together with bull support. Offerings were well absorbed. Closed steady.

Calico Opened 1352, Higher 1378, Closed 1372.

Ambika Opened 418, Highest 426, Closed 424.

Arvind Opened 1705, Highest 1718, Lowest 1703, Closed 1716.

Deffered Opened 1615, Highest 1648, Lowest 1610, Closed 1634

Closing quotations: Arvind 1716, Ambika 424, Calico 1373, Jupiter 423, Marsden 199, Monogram 187, Saraspur 745, Defferd 1634, Amarnath 2075, New Cotton 987/8/0, New Commercial 1310 Old Commercial 858, Sayaji 185.

KUTCH HUNDI RATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHUJ, April 28.

Hundi Buying 3.4. Hundi Selling 306.

Gold 112. Silver 154

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, April 28.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 37

General Motors dol. 57-3/8.

United States Steel Common dol. 76-1/8.

R

ABDUL HAMID HAZRAT and MOHOMED ISSAK MOHOMED were convicted for supplying rice without a permit and each sentenced to 2 months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or, one month's rigorous imprisonment in default.

Hyderabad Will Be Independent!

STATE PREPARED TO MEET FORCE BY FORCE

Laik Ali's Charge Against India Government

HYDERABAD (Dn) April 27. (API): In a four thousand word speech before the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly here this evening Mr. Laik Ali, Prime Minister of Hyderabad reiterated Hyderabad's desire for peace while at the same time stressing the determination of Hyderabad to remain independent.

The Prime Minister declared that it would be "our earnest endeavour to promote peace and friendship (with the Indian Union) to the last moment but if inspite of all our efforts we are compelled and force is used against us and an unavoidable situation not of our seeking is created then there will be no course left for us other than to face it honourably to the best of our ability and leave the end in the hands of Providence. We may be weak and helpless but our cause is just and our faith in almighty is unshakable."

Mir Laik Ali divided his speech into three main divisions: First dealing exhaustively with the relations between Indian Union and Hyderabad, second reviewing the internal politics and third touching on reconstruction problems of the Dominions.

Referring to the promised political reforms in the State he declared his belief that the Nizam's firman "correctly understood and carefully worked out would largely meet the demands of all the elements in public life." The doors of the Government, he said, were still open to those who have not their due share in it and asked them not to keep away "because some one had asked them to keep away."

Reviewing the events since Sir Mirza Ismail, the then Prime Minister addressed the Assembly a year ago, Mir Laik Ali said: "It is a matter of thankfulness that in spite of many tempests we have stood firm and have held resolutely to our traditions of which we have always been proud: and God willing we shall continue to hold on to them to be handed over to generations that will come after us."

RIGHT COURSE

After the partition and the British withdrawal the Prime Minister said, the States were left free to choose between accession to either Dominion, India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. 'Our august sovereign in accordance with the noble traditions of his dynasty decided against becoming part of either dominion so as not to hurt the feelings of either the two principal communities living in the State. Nevertheless situated as Hyderabad is, it is obvious, we should have close and intimate links with the Indian Union. Hyderabad is fully cognisant of the fact that both geographically and politically it has to be in close association with the Indian Union. It is also realised that Hyderabad in matters of defence, external affairs and communications has to have close understanding with the surrounding country. We are also not unaware of the fact that our communications with the rest of the world are only possible through the Indian Union.

"In regard to defence we believe that if the position of India is made insecure by any external aggression our position cannot remain unaffected no matter how much we may choose to maintain separate identity.

"In these days foreign policy is an inseparable part of the defence and common strategy and it therefore follows that in view of the obvious limitations in regard to our defence we cannot formulate any separate foreign policy in external affairs.

"These are fundamentals which no one can ignore. With full realisation of these facts we have tried all along to build up a relationship with the Indian Union which would take full account of the factors enumerated above and yet keep intact the sovereignty of the Nizam and adequately preserve our economic culture and heritage.

INDIA INDIFFERENT

"It was in consideration of this that the standstill agreement was concluded towards the end of November last year. It is however, a pity that while on the one hand we are always required to observe all terms of the agreement—which we did to the best of our ability—the Indian Union has remained indifferent to the fulfilment of their obligations. We were never supplied with arms and ammunition.

Our goods have been stopped at ports and restrictions have been placed on our exports. Complaints and counter-complaints have resulted only in building up voluminous files. In short there has been a barrier between the Indian Union and ourselves that barrier has been that of suspicion.

Hyderabad is at times referred to as "an unfriendly foreign territory". She is alleged to have aggressive designs against the Indian Union, is charged with plans of annexations of Union territory and is painted as a land of misery and communal strife. Over the radio, the public speeches of officials and non-officials are all directed against Hyderabad in a manner that seems to make a conflict inevitable.

I cannot deny the fact that there have, on various occasions been outbursts of a similar character from private individuals from this side as well. But we cannot but pause and ask ourselves what is it all for.

The Indian Union appears to feel that Hyderabad must accede to it and that if accession does not come about, there would be trouble. Have we not the right to ask why we should be forced to think only in terms specified by the Union if we can offer our goodwill, friendship and co-operation in a different manner? After all what has the Indian Union with all its mighty resources and its great future to worry about if Hyderabad prefers to remain in an honourable position for itself?

From about July 1947 onwards, Hyderabad has been experiencing an economic blockade on account of which the population is being made to suffer great hardships in securing the dire necessities of life. Her borders have been turned into a hunting ground for raiders. Communists and others inspired from outside.

EXAGGERATED

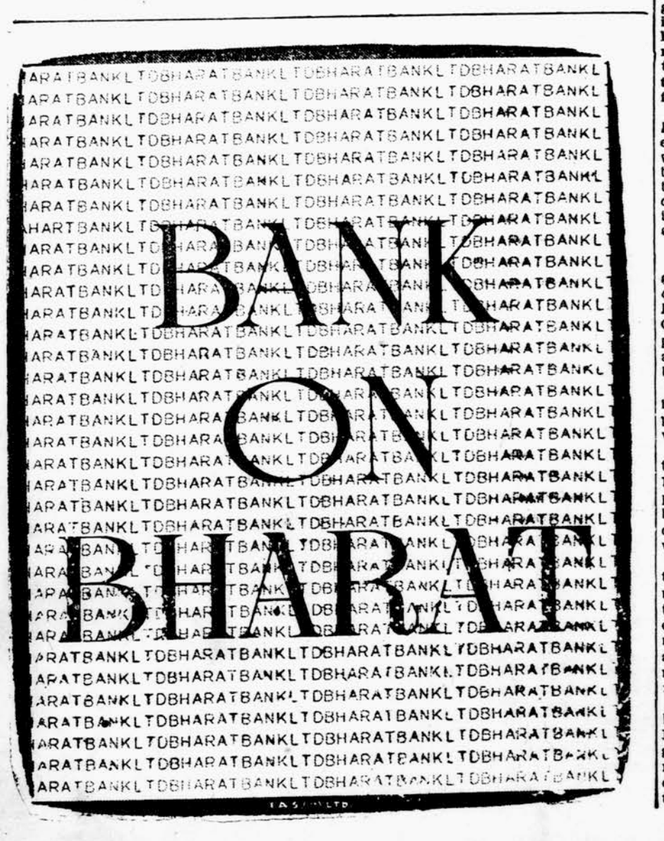
"Simple incidents have been exaggerated in a manner that cannot but create hatred and illwill against Hyderabad. Legitimate demands of the Government for the maintenance of peace and security have been denied and day after day her patience is being tried.

I am afraid it is this attitude which has aroused the feelings of the people; it has created mistrust and illwill among the communities.

Must the Indian leaders always think in terms of using force against Hyderabad and if so for what purpose? If we all keep on talking in bellicose terms it is sure to lead to disaster and no one knows where it will end.

Mir Laik Ali claimed that the situation in the State was reasonably under control and he had no hesitation in releasing most of the political prisoners who have not been connected with subversive and violent activities and in withdrawing warrants against those who have taken up residence outside the State.

"I have no hesitation lifting the ban on Communists organisation. But let me abundantly and unambiguously make clear that Government will not permit any subversive or unlawful activities or any attempts to create discord and lawlessness."



RAZAKARS INSULT INDIAN FLAG

BEZWADA, April 28 (I.P.A.) : Reports of the atrocities perpetrated by the Razakars and the Nizam's Police are pouring in daily from authoritative sources, writes Indian Press Association correspondent.

On April 25, Razakars looted Shri Sahranappa's house in a village near Gedag and carried away some thousands of rupees cash, gold and silver.

The Nizam's Police and Military posted on border are daily penetrating into Union territory villages and loot the houses and beat the poor kisans. One Kisan, Sembiah, succumbed to wounds.

At Belggatti (Koppala) a branch of Ittehad-ul-Mussalmeen was formed on April 24. Ittehad 'Leader" Alavandi came to the place and with the help of the Police convened a meeting to form the branch. A certain Janeb Hussein was proclaimed local "Leader". A local unit of the Razakars also was formed and the population had a taste of their marauding activities on the same sight.

At Dhanora 40 Razakars with the help of the Police arrested 50 kisans. One of the peasants was tied to a tree and shot dead. The others were told that their fate would be the same if they "misbehaved."

The villagers of Bhamana Ghat arrested two Razakars and handed them over to the Police. The Nizam's Police let loose the Razakars and beat the villagers. More Razakars appeared and loot and arson was the fate of the whole village. Four people were murdered.

The Indian National Flag flying on the top of Shri Satyanarayan Rao's house, in Bommanails village, Warangal, was removed and destroyed by the Razakars. They also looted the house and made a bon-fire of Snri Rao's library and the photos of Indian leaders.

Rehabilitation Measures In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 27 (API): Muslim refugees were entering Hyderabad State at the rate of four hundred daily and the number of refugees already in the State totalled between six and seven lakhs. Mr. S. A. Rahim, Minister for Railway and Rehabilitation, revealed in the Hyderabad Legislative Assembly to-day.

Earlier, the Assembly had passed a condolence resolution on the death of Mahatma Gandhi.

Describing the measures for the rehabilitation of refugees, the Minister said that a camp had been opened at Kamareddy Nizamabad district and under the Nizam's firman refugees were being recruited temporarily by the Government without "mulki" certificate.

Answering supplementaries, Mr. Rahim said between five and ten thousand Hindus had left Hyderabad. There was no question of sending Muslim refugees back to places they had come from, the Minister said, as any attempt to do so would cause resentment and disturb the peace of the State.

Indo-American Conference In New Delhi

CALCUTTA, April 27, (A.P.I.): It was revealed at the annual meeting of the Indian Council of World Affairs held yesterday in Calcutta that an India-American Conference would be held in New Delhi in February-March 1949. Under the auspices of the Council. Some 16 scholars and publicists are being selected by the American Council of the Institute of Pacific Relations to come over to India and after a brief tour of important University centres, industrial areas and research institutes in the country confer at New Delhi with an Indian delegation on cultural and other matters affecting India and the United States of America.

Pt. Hriday Nath Kunzru was elected President of the Council.

CALCUTTA: A further meeting between the representatives of the two Governments of India and Bhutan will take place in the near future with a view to arriving at an agreement on the question of relationship of Bhutan with India, it is learnt.

Koreans Demand Withdrawal Of U. S And Soviet Troops

Want Establishment Of Independent State

MOSCOW, April 27 (Reuter): A joint conference of political parties in the Soviet zone of Korea has demanded simultaneous withdrawal of American and Russian troops and the holding of general elections to create a single state. Tass Official Soviet News Agency, reported to-day from Phyengyang.

A statement after the Conference said Korean political parties would never agree to separate elections in the south and would "with all their strength resist their being held."

The statement demanded immediate withdrawal from Korea of the United Nations Commission and appealed to the Governments of Russia and the United States to withdraw their troops simultaneously in preparation for creation of a single independent Korean State.

5 INDIAN EDITORS TO VISIT LONDON

LONDON April 27 (Reuter): Five Indian newspaper editors who are visiting London next month, will be received by the High Commissioner for India, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon by Lord Sinha the only Indian Peer, and by a number of Members of Parliament who are holding a party for them.

The Indian Journalists Association of London will hold a press reception to meet the editors who will also be entertained by Swaraj House of London and by the Oxford and Cambridge University Majlis.

Wallace Stands For "Progressive Capitalism"

MOLINE, ILLINOIS, April 27 (U.P.A.) : Henry Wallace Third Party candidate for President, said today he rejects the 'support of any one who advocates the overthrow of government by force.'

Wallace told a press conference he stands for "progressive capitalism". He said, "Some industries could be run more efficiently under nationalization. You can't apply the British system exactly. I prefer the Scandinavian approach myself."

Congress Triumphs In Benares Elections

BENARES, April 27 (API): The Congress gained an overwhelming majority in the Benares District Board by capturing 33 seats out of total of 38.

Two Socialists and three Independent candidates have been returned while six Socialists and five Independent candidates forfeited their securities.

STAND UNITED UNDER CONGRESS BANNER

A. I. Depressed Class League Chief's Call To Harijans

BEZWADA, April 27, (API): A call to the Harijans to stand united under the banner of the Indian National Congress and to refuse to join any secretarian group was made by Mr. H. J. Khandekar, President over the eleventh annual session of the All-India Depressed Classes League here today.

Warning to Harijans that it would be suicidal to raise party slogans at this juncture, Mr. Khandekar said: "We want Socialism but not at the expense of our freedom."

He exhorted the Harijans to join the defence forces of the country in large numbers and urged the Government of India to introduce compulsory military training for all able bodied youths so as to enable the Harijans to play an effective part in the defence of the country.

Mr. Khandewar said that the country was today in a state of animated suspense. While the issue of Kashmir was still hanging fire, Hyderabad threatened to become an inferno. He did not share the view that only an armed conflict would solve the Hyderabad problem, but he warned the Hyderabad State that the urge for responsible Government among the people could not be suppressed by methods of terrorisation.

Mr. Khandekar asked the Harijans to take an active part in small scale cottage industries including leather and bone industries which had become a monopoly of Muslims and appealed to the Central and Provincial Governments to give the Harijans the necessary start in this respect.

Concluding Mr. Khandekar asked the Depressed Classes of India to establish more branches of the All-India Depressed Classes League which was the only representative body of the Harijans and show the world that they were united like all other nationalist organisations.

Leaders Taken In Procession

BEZWADA, April 27 (A.P.I.) : Mr. Khandekar and other Harijan leaders were taken in a procession to the conference pandal.

Mr. G. D. Tapase, Harijan Minister of Bombay, inaugurating the conference appealed to all Harijan youths to avail themselves of the opportunities afforded by the Congress Ministries in provinces and the centre. While fighting for their privileges and safeguards, he said, they could not forget to discharge their duties towards the nation and country.

Mr. V. Kurmayya, Harijan Minister, Madras, and Chairman of the Reception Committee welcoming the delegates and leaders at the outset paid homage to Mahatma Gandhi, who, he said, had done much for the uplift of Harijans in every way. He pleaded for the abolition of caste system which was the chief obstacle in their way of social progress. Mr. Kurmayya also urged the vote of scrap the present system of land tenure and enact it in such a way as to grant ownership to the tillers of the soil.

Messages wishing the conference success from Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Food Minister, Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, Revenue Minister, Mr. Sivashanmugham Pillai, Speaker, Madras Assembly, Mr. Muniswamy Pillai, Mr. Prithvi Singh Azad of Punjab, and Mr. Chennagiri Ramaih, Local Boards Minister, Mysore Government, were read at the conference.

Harijan Leader Deprecates Ambedkar's Statement

NEW DELHI, April 27. (A.P.I.): "The recent statement of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, advising Harijans and members of the scheduled castes, to form a third political party in India, keeping off from the folds of the Congress, is calculated to do more harm than good to the Harijans in general" said Bhagat Ami Chand, General Secretary of the All-India Harijan League in a statement to-day.

"Harijans will be a minority in India and will not be trusted either by the Congress or by the socialists if they follow a separatist tendency and attempted to form a third political party" he said.

Bait To Lure India To Soviet Sphere

Head Of Azad Kashmir Movement Condemns U.N. Resolution

LAHORE, April 27 (API).—Chaudhry Ghulam Abbas Supreme Head of the Azad Kashmir Liberation Movement at a press conference today described the Security Council resolution on Kashmir as a double edged weapon which cut both ways, that is it was designed to appease Russia or to serve as a bait for India to lure her out of the Russian sphere of influence. He said that the resolution would be acceptable to Kashmir Muslims unless the full operation of the clauses relating to the strength of Indian forces to be maintained and the requisitioning of Pakistan troops was guaranteed.

Chaudhry Ghulam Abbas said The Security Council decision on Kashmir, though a slight improvement on the previous Chinese proposal, would not be acceptable to Kashmir Muslim in its present form unless apart from their necessary assurances, complete guarantee is available that at least the clauses of this decision dealing with the Indian forces and requisitioning troops from Pakistan will be sincerely adhere to.

PRESERVE PRESTIGE OF BENGALIS

Suhrawardy's Appeal To Muslims In Munshiganj

CALCUTTA, April 27, (UPI): Mr. Sri Prakasha, India's High Commissioner in Pakistan, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, the last Premier of united Bengal, and Mr. Devotosh Das Gupta of Calcutta's Shanti Sena visited Munshiganj last evening and addressed a public meeting: Mr. Abdul Karim of Vikrampur, a member of the East Bengal Assembly, presided.

Mr. Suhrawardy addressing the meting appealed to the Muslims to treat the minorities with love and not to foster any spirit of retaliation as otherwise they would be doing a greater infustice to the Muslims living in the Indian Union.

He said that imigration had created a very big problem and even if all the Muslims of West Bengal had gone to East Bengal there would hardly be a place for one crore and twenty lakhs of Hindus from Pakistan to West Bengal, Assam, Orissa and Bihar. Mr. Suhrawardy said were not welcoming the Bengalis and there had been an appalling congestion in Calcutta and its neighbourhood, resulting in the outbreak of epidemics like plague, cholera and small-pox.

Mr. Suhrawardy thought that a vast majority of the Muslims of East Bengal were peace-loving and wanted to live with their Hindu brethren. A microscopic minority was creating mischief. He exhorted the Muslims to be very careful in preserving the prestige and good name of Pakistan in fighting those anti-social elements. They were to built up the Pakistan State by their service and sacrifice and it was the duty of every honest Muslim to fight the goondas even at the cost of their lives.

Mr. Sri Prakash addressing the meeting said the Pakistan belonged to both Hindus and Muslims, who had equally contributed to the uplift of the country. Hindus were living in East Bengal for generations and it was equally their home land. He exhorted the Muslims to increase the sence of confidence among the fear stricken Hindus by their friendly actions.

Pyarelal For Noakhali

CALCUTTA, April 28 (U.P.I.) : Shri Pyarelal left this morning for Noakhali by the Chittagong Express, on a peace mission.

In an interview to the "United Press" before his departure, Shri Pyarelal said that the decisions arrived at the recent Indo-Pakistan Inter-Dominion Conference, if implemented whole-heartedly, would produce remarkable results. He hoped that both the Dominions would try to expedite their work in this connection.

Continuing he said that the exodus of the minority from their homes had created a great problem and their duty, as disciples of Mahatma Gandhi, would be to solve it by resettling them in their respective homes and hearths. He said that Gandhiji believed that in restoring confidence amongest the minorities and resettling them in their own homeland lay the real solution of the problem.

Concluding Shri Pyarelal said that he was going to Noakhali in connection with the peace mission work there and he would try to persuade the people to refrain from migrating, by restoring courage and confidence in them with the goodwill and cooperation of the majority community.

BENARES April 26, (UPI): It is learnt that the U.P. Government propose to establish several factories, embracing a wide range of industries in the province, in near future.

SAURASHTRA TO HONOUR FREEDOM FIGHTERS

Lands Dispossessed For Political Activities To Be Restored

RAJKOT, April 27 (API).—The Saurashtra Government today promulgated an ordinance called the "Saurashtra restoration of dispossessed lands ordinance of 1948 under the provisions of which persons who were dispossessed of their lands both agricultural and non-agricultural or buildings which because of their taking part in the movements for responsible Government in Kathiawar in 1938 or any other all India movements, would be restored to their lands or properties.

According to the procedure laid down in the ordinance such claims will have to apply within 30 days of the promulgation of the ordinance to the Collector under whose jurisdiction the land or the buildings are situated giving full particulars.

A Committee of three members and two non-officials and one official will be appointed by the Government to go into such claims and Government would pass suitable orders after consideration of the Committee report.

Another ordinance promulgated amends the existing foodgrains movement restriction and makes attempt to export foodgrains out of Saurashtra a penal offence and restricts the amount of foodgrains exportable by an individual without a permit to five pounds instead of the present twenty pounds.

HOME-GUARDS ORGANISATION

It is learnt today that the Saurashtra Government would be constituting a Home-Guards organisation throughout Saurashtra and an ordinance to this effect will be promulgated shortly.

SETTING UP OF COLLECTORATES

Mr. U. N. Dheber, Prime Minister of Saurashtra presided over a meeting of Collectors and Deputy Collectors of Saurashtra this morning. The meeting which was also attended by the Home Minister Mr. Rasiklal Parikh reviewed the progress made so far in setting up of collectorates and discussed administrative details connected with them. The meeting also explored the possibility of subordinate revenue officials being entrusted with the rural upliftment work.

Mr. Dhebar later left for Jamnagar enroute to Delhi where he will attend the conference of Food Ministers convened by the Government of India.

JAMNAGAR

RAILWAY LINK

Mr. Gurmukh Nihal Singh, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Communications in Saurashtra Government in an interview today stated that sanction of the Central Railway Board for linking Rajkot with Jamnagar, a distance of 90 miles by rail has been received and the work which has been given top priority would be rushed through at an early date.

He added that the work on which preliminary survey has already been completed would enable the public to travel straight to Ahmedabad without changing at Wadhwan and Viramgam, thus facilitating passenger and goods traffic and remove the bottleneck at Wadhwan and Viramgam.

Mr. Mehta also stated that as a result of an agreement between Saurashtra and Junagadh signed over the weekend by H. H. the Jamsaheb the Rajpramukh of Saurashtra and the Administrator of Junagadh state the railway will be worked from May 1 by the Saurashtra railways. The agreement which is at present for one year is renewable from time to time.

Kashmir War, Fought For Vindication Of Ideals

Sheikh Abdulllah's Farewell Address To Major General Kulwant Singh

SRINAGAR, April 27 (A.P.I.): "The war in Kashmir is not a war for territory. It is fought for the vindication of ideals for which India's greatest man sacrificed his life", said Sheikh Mohd Abdullah, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir state at a farewell party given by him and his wife to Major General Kulwant Singh this evening.

About two hundred guests—high civil and military officers of the state and prominent National Conference leaders—were present. General Thimmayya who takes over from Major General Kulwant Singh and Col. B. M. Kaul, Commandant of Home Guards were also present.

BRAVE INDIAN SOLDIERS

Sheikh Mohd Abdullah presenting a farewell address in a silver case to Major Kulwant Singh said: "bidding farewell to you today we are sorry to part with a friend who came amidst us at a time when the enemy was battering at the gates of Srinagar and Pattan and Baramula had fallen. You came here at the head of an armoured column which was the first to be seen in Kashmir and no sooner had you set foot on our soil than the situation compelled you to go into action. The enemy were driven back, Pattan and Baramula were recaptured and the front advanced to Uri. This is an achievement of which you, your officers and men under your command may justly feel proud. People of Kashmir can never forget that you who helped them to tide over the peril which threatened us in those anxious days of October and early November last year. Officers and soldiers under you have ever since you came to Kashmir played the role of liberators and everywhere in this country.

The war in Kashmir as we have so often mentioned is not a war for territory. It is fought for vindication of ideals for which Indians greatest man sacrificed his life. You and your men most of whom have their homes situated hundreds of miles away and have carried this war in teeth of odds which looked unsurmountable, would not have been able to stand these hardships had it been a war merely for territory. The men who had dug themselves in inches of snow, men who had never seen snow in the lives for months in cold and severe winter, bitter frost and smitten by cold are testimony of the titanic struggle which the Indian army is carrying for the vindication of the principles involved in the fight in Kashmir. We wish to assure you that tribute we must to pay to heroism and gallantry of men under you will be built not in brick and lime but in gratitude in hearts of millions of us."

Shroff Warns British Businessmen

LONDON, April 27 (Reuter): "Blunt Words" to British businessmen were spoken in London today by Mr. D. Shroff, of Tata Ltd.

Taking part in a discussion between Britain and India and Pakistan, Mr. Shroff said India needed technical knowledge and experience. By providing that now, at the psychological moment, British businessmen were disinclined to help in this way. To them he would say that technical know-how was not the monopoly of any country in the world. No matter how highly industrialised Britain might be, there were others equally and perhaps more industrialised who would be ready to help.

He suggested that Britain might pay back to India some of the benefits she had received during the last 150 years by sending her the manufactured goods she needed now.

Furthermore, unless portions of India's sterling balances were made available to her the prospects of widening trade relations between the two countries were not bright.

He warned British businessmen that there now had to be a completely new approach to the business problem of India.

In the old days the economy of Isdia was based on the assumption that she should be the supplier of raw materials and primary products and a consumer of goods manufactured in the United Kingdom.

That assumption no longer held good, he said.

The meeting had been organised by the East India Association in conjunction with the Overseas League.

Sir C. P. Urges India To Emulate America

MADRAS, April 27. (A.P.I.): Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer declared at a public meeting tonight that the feeling prevailing in many parts of India that America was anti-India was completely wrong.

"On the other hand", he said, "generally the feeling is one of friendliness towards India. Most people there realise that of the two parts into which this country has unfortunately been divided, India is the only part which will count and can do so in future."

When the Government of free India was handling difficult and delicate questions at the present time, Sir Ramaswamy Iyer said, people should not resort to criticisms calculated to embarrass them, since any weakening of the Government at this juncture was bound to be calamitous to the future of the country. He would therefore implore one and all to be very guarded in their criticisms.

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer was addressing a packed audience at the Ranade Hall giving his impressions of his recent American tour.

He also referred to the dynamic creative quality of the American people and said that the complete coordination between the Government and private enterprise in every branch of activity was a thing which they in India must learn to copy.

C. R. ENTERTAINS 400 CHILDREN

CALCUTTA, April 28 (API).—The Governor of West Bengal, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, entertained four hundred children from two to eight years of age of the Jitendra Narayan Infant and Nursery School, to a party on Government House lawn last evening. Another one hundred children of Government House employees were also among the guests.

The lawn was turned into a miniature zoo with baby animals and birds, including a five months old elephant cub, brought from Alipore zoological gardens for the occasion. Feats of magic a tortoise race and cycling by monkeys were among the items of entertainment.

Refreshment packets were distributed among the children, who sang Ramdhun and thanked His Excellency.

Pak-Scandinavian Air Transport Talks

KARACHI, April 27 (API).—A Scandinavian Air Delegation, led by Mr. M. Hallonberg, Consul-General for Sweden in India arrived in Pakistan yesterday to negotiate an air transport agreement with the Pakistan dominion. The negotiations began this afternoon.

NEW YORK COTTON RALLIES AFTER LOWER OPENING

Upswing In Price Extended Following Private Market Advice

NEW YORK, April 27 (UPA):—Prices rallied smartly after a lower opening on the New York Cotton market today.

Although May delivery notices for 1,190 bales were unexpectedly heavy, the tenders were promptly taken up by spot firms who need cotton to meet their export commitments.

The stability shown in the face of the tenders and the sudden subsidence of liquidating movement under way since late Friday acted to change the underlying sentiment.

Despite disappointing delays in getting the Japanese 60,000,000 dollar credit into operation, it was hinted that because of the acute needs of the Nipponese mills, the Army may be called upon to expedite purchases, even though credits will not be available until an agreement is signed in Tokyo. Trade reports say that the 60,000,000 credit and 150,000,000 dollar Revolving Fund Bill which have been approved by the Senate, will be coordinated whenever practicable. Thus, it appears likely that there will be no simultaneously initiated raw cotton buying under independent plans.

Army Civil Affairs officials indicate that both the funds will be absorbed in the procurement of raw cotton, wool and other commodities for shipment to Japan, Germany and Korea, but the bulk of the purchases are expected to be earmarked for Japan. The Army estimated that 500,000 to 700,000 bales of raw cotton will be required in the first year while under the Revolving Fund, it is estimated that the Army will be enabled to buy up to 850,000 bales for shipment to textile mills in occupied zones.

Today's session opened unchanged to 18 lower. May liquidation plus selling was estimated at 10,000 bales in July and October combined which was supposed to be the liquidation by the Wall Street speculative pool and the carryover of Monday's selling movement accounted for the initial declines. However, the market turned about quickly, aided by the strength in grains and the remarkably steady showing of the spot month. Prices rallied 35 to 53 points from the lows achieving the best levels in the final dealings, despite scale up realizing and hedge selling to close a net 25 to 31 higher. The upswing extended following the news of a private market advisory service put out on Tuesday recommending that its clients "dover short positions in grains and stay long in cotton." Expectations that Friday's parity price report will show a rise after two months of declines, was another supporting influence. The parity trend hereafter will be watched closely inasmuch as the new loan crop loan rate will be based on the mid-July parity.

In view of the action of the market in the face of May tenders and indications of sold out conditions, dealers expect the market to resume the rise to new highs which is likely to carry July beyond 39 cents.

Closing prices included:

Delivery	High	Low	Close
May	37.89	37.45	37.84
July	37.15	36.62	37.13.15
Oct.	33.05	32.55	33.04-05
Dec.	32.34	31.99	32.34
NEW ORLEANS			
May	37.82	37.30	37.73
July	37.10	36.64	37.03.08

WORTH STREET MARKET

NEW YORK April 27, (UPA): Trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market was highlighted today by bad trade inquiry for Osnaburgs and moderate sales in drills and twills to the clothing trade.

Worth Street brokers reported fair sized inquiries for class A print goods but buyers were still reluctant to meet the higher basis established by mills for forward deliveries.

It was said that the recent shifting of looms from class A print to other constructions has turned business that ordinarily appears in that category to 80 square and 64 by 60.

Wool Tops Close Steady

NEW YORK, April 27, (UPA): Wool tops closed steady and up five to 15. Closing prices included:

May	175 traded
July	176.5 traded
October	176.5—176.6
December	176.5—176.6
March '49	175.5—175.6
May	174.5—175
July	173—174.5

Grains Moderately Active

CHICAGO, April 27, (UPA): Trading was moderately active and prices firm owing to the boost in the export allocations to a new record high of 577,000,000 bushels plus investment buying after five days of sagging prices on the Chicago Board of Trade today.

Closing prices included:

May	2.40-1/2—3/4
July	2.31—2.31-1/4
September	2.29-3/4—2.30
December	2.29-3/4—2.30-1/4

Speculator Put On Probation

WASHINGTON, April 27 (UPA): The Commodity Exchange Authority on Tuesday recommended that Thomas Jordan, fabulous New Orleans cotton speculator be put on probation for two years for making two "fictitious trades" in cotton futures last December 16th.

It was formally recommended that Jordan be ordered out of the New Orleans cotton market and barred from all other U.S. commodity futures markets for a ten-day period.

Jordan came into the spotlight 18 months ago during the sensational break in the cotton market in which he lost millions of dollars in paper profits.

The actual ten day suspension could be costly to the Jordan brokerage firm. The brokerage house would have to close out all customers' accounts or notify them to transfer their accounts to other brokerage firms.

New York Stock Exchange

NEW YORK, April 28.

Abbot Laboratories	73 1/2
Allied Chemical	191
American	86
American Telephone	153 1/2
American Tobacco	58 5/8
Bankers Trust	38 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	34 1/2
Boeing Airplane	27 1/8
Canadian Pacific	14 5/8
Celanese	27 1/2
Chase National Bank	34
Chrysler	59 1/8
Consolidated Edison	23 1/4
Douglas Aircraft	64 1/2
Dupont	174 3/4
Eastman Kodak	43 1/4
General Electric	38 1/2
General Motors	57 1/2
Gillette	34 5/8
Goodyear	43 1/4
International Nickel	29 3/4
International Tel. & Tel.	13 3/8
Lockheed	20 3/4
Nash Kelvinator	16 3/8
National City Bank	38 7/8
New York Central	15 3/4
Pennsylania Railway	19 7/8
Shell Oil	40 1/4
Southern Pacific	54 3/8
Standard Oil of N. J	80 3/8
Studebaker	22 1/4
Swift & Co.	34
Technicolour	13 3/4
Twentieth Century Fox	23 3/8
U. S. Steel	76
Warner Brothers	12 1/4
Westinghouse Electric	29

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, April 27.

Gold Bars fine per oz. £8/12/3.
Silver Spot 45d., Forward 45d.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, April 27

May	37.84
July	37.13
October	33.09
December	32.34
Middling spot	38.50

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, April 27

May	37.73
July	37.03
October	33.00
December	32.33
Middling spot	37.55

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, April 27

I. T. London on:	
New York buying	4.0325
New York buying	4.0325
Montreal selling	4.0275
Montreal buying	4.0525
Zurich selling	17.34
Zurich buying	17.56
Ssotkholm	14.47 to 14.50

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, April 27

Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	£76-1/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	£103-1/2
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. and after	£101-7/8
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	£111-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 p.c	£113-3/8
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	£12-3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£119-1/2
National Bank of India	£38-1/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,971.

London Silver spot and both	Forward 45 d.
London gold bars fine per oz.	£8/12/3

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, April 27

Australian wheat .. unoffered

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, April 27

May	2.40-1/2
July	2.31-
September	2.29 3/4
December	2.29-3/4

Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, April 27. (Reuter): Stocks fluctuated fractionally in fair trading with further corrective profit-taking as well as some nervous liquidation owing to Palestine's situation encountering moderate support. Rails, steels, motors, paper, tobaccos and oils attracted buying interest. The averages were industrials 181.36 and rails 57.85 assorted oils, rails and aircrafts specialities were mostly favoured as the market continued its mild rally. Business was slightly more active with sentiment aided by numerous pleasing earnings statements. Steels, though mostly higher, were rather neglected as traders await the results of the United States Steel Corporation meeting. Phillip's petroleum gained nearly two points with first quarter earnings equal to three dollars a share compared with 1.26 in the same quarter last year.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES RALLY.

NEW YORK, April 27.

The rally in prices on the New York Stock Exchange was paced by oil and railroad stocks. The late rally was somewhat bolstered by the late announcement of the Bethlehem Steel Company which said the cutting of prices amounting to 10,000,000 dollars on an annual basis.

An additional influencing factor was the rejected demand of the CIO Steel Workers Union for a wage hike.

Outside of the announcement by the U. S. Steel that the corporate earnings had slipped for the March quarter 1948 compared with the previous year, there was nothing else to influence the market.

Stock sales totalled 1,420,000 shares. Curb sales amounted 330,000 shares. The turnover in bonds came to $4,940,000.

Dow Jones average closings were: Industrials, 180.97; Rails, 47.92; Utilities, 34.08 and Bonds, 100.03.

New York Pepper Prices

NEW YORK, April 27, (U. P. A.): Pepper prices closed nominally unchanged with no sales reported during today's session of the New York Produce Exchange.

The spot situation remained dull, but developed a firmer undertone.

New grinder demand has been disappointingly slow in developing and some dealers believed a firmer situation was warranted in view of the small arrivals expected in the near future from primary centers and the higher replacement cost in producing markets.

Closing prices included:

May-July-September-October cents nom.	44.50

December 42 nominal.
January 41 nom.
March 40 nom.

On the spot market, black pepper was quoted at 44 cents per pound and white 63 cents nominal.

Castorseeds were quoted at $155 nom. and cotton seeds at $100 nom.

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE

MADRAS April 28. (A.P.I.): After the last two days' activity, trading operators were inclined to take stock of their positions. The turnover was small with banks showing some easiness. Among mills Cambodias, Maduras and Rajalakshmis were popular. In the miscellaneous group no change was noticeable. The market closed dull.

Following are to-day's quotations in the Stock Exchange:

BANKS: Travancore 25/12.

PLANTINGS: Blue Mountain 2/5/6; Chandramalais 1/8; Cochin Malabar 6/3; Malankaras 49; Vuchterlony C.D. 7/13; Perakaramalai 25/12; Pullangodes 1/7; Thirumbadi 2/3, Vaikundam xd 6/9, Waterfalls 2/15.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania 40; Balasubramania (B) 67/14; Bangalore Woollen 250; Buckinghams 325; Coimbatore Pioneer 103; Coimbatore S.G.S. 49; Radhakrishnas C.D. 153; Rajallakshmis 66/12; Sri Sradas 95; Trichinipolis E.D. 12/4; Vasanthas X.D. 98.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra cements 67/8; Andhra cements (B) 6/12; Facts 6/7; Indu Cements 13; Mettur Chem 9; Mysore Chem and Ferts 11/14; Mysore Papers 14; Spencer 11/5.

KARACHI MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, April 27.

Cotton Roller Sind NT 81. Punjab 288, F 99, LSS 74, Four 65, May Contract 62/8. Rates ruled firm but business was on a restricted scale Yesterday's turnover totalled 1320. Arrivals 8585. Exports 3390 for Bombay Cotton seeds NT 6/12, Desi 7/8, were more steady. Copras 45/8, Copra Oil 63, Gold Tejabi 112, Sovereigns 74/4, Silver Coins 128/8, firm for Gold and quiet for Silver.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Closing quotations:—

Tata Ordinary 328; Tata Deferred 1677/8, Indian Iron 29; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 24/2; Bombay Dyeing 1122/8; Central India 333/12, Gokak 331/4; Kohinoor X. D. 651/4; Simplex 236; Swadeshi 651/14; Tata Power 1482/8; Associated Cement 171/4; Belapur 341/4; Bombay Burma (Old) 433/12; Scindia 27/13; Central Bank 85/10; New India 68/12; Tata 2nd Pref 136/14.

BOMBAY SHARE MARKET

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, April 28

The local Share market was quietly steady with restricted business and quotations moved within a narrow range.

Tata Steel Defd opened to-day at Rs. 1625 improved to Rs 1643-12 but on moderate realisation declined to Rs. 1620 but again rallied at Rs 1635. Tata Ordinary opened at Rs 32. and quietened at Rs 327. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs 1107-8 and after improving to Rs 1127 closed at Rs 1123-12. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 640 ex-div improved to Rs 654.

Record Of Actual Transactions

BOMBAY, Wednesday

MILLS

Apollo 3/15 4
Bharat 38
B. Dyeing 1107/8 1100 23/12 16/4 15 12/8 27/8 20 22/8
C. India 330 35 33 34
Finlay 347 52 50 55 54
Gokak 331 33 31/8
I. U (Defd.) 2/12/6 2/13
I. U. (Ord.) 15/5 15/4/6 15/10 15/9/6
Indore 645 50 57/8 51/4 47/8 50
Khatau 265 70
Kohinoor 640 54 48 51 (Ex. Div.)
Model 195/10
New City 197/8 200
New Great 180 95 86 87
Phoenix 457/8
Podar 187/8 200 197/8
Simplex 232 33 29 36
Swadeshi 645 52 48 52
Tata Mills 74/4 75 74/8
Vishnu 310
C. P. Rly. 109

BANKS

Baroda 154 50 52
Central 85/4 85/8 85 85/8
Imperial (Old) 2005
Imperial (New) 492/8
India 256/8 57 55/8
Reserve 111 10/8 11
Union 9/10

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 120/10 21/4
Andhra Valley 1385 82/8
Ajmer 10/4
Hydro 153
B. Suburban 149/6 48/12 49/6
Power 1485 80 83/8
New India 69 68/12
Scindia 27/13 27/14 27/9 27/14 27/12

STEEL.

B. Steel 24 24/8 24/2
I. Iron 28/14 28/12 29/4 28
Tata (Defd.) 1625 5 40 32/8 43/12 20 35 25 37/8
Tata (Ord.) 325 23 28 26 28
Tata (IInd Pref.) 137/8 37

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 331/4 40 37/8
A. C. C. (Old) 170/8 72 71 71/4
A. C. C. (New) 108 8/8 7/12 8
Belapur 342 38 43 41
B. B. Old 423/12 26/4 23/12
B. B. (New) 152/8 51/4 52/8
B. B. Petrol 2/6/6 2/7/2
P. Const. 205 3 6
Tata Chem 16
Tata Oil 56/12
Wimco 317/8 18/2
Walchandnagar 205

SPECIAL.

Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 120

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 28

The local cotton market opened quiet at Rs 695 for May delivery and declined to Rs 688 on general realising. At this level the Bulls entered the market for July delivery which pushed up the cotton prices and May delivery was quoted at Rs 702. This improvement was checked by moderate liquidation and May was steady at Rs 698. Quotations at 5 p.m were as under:—

I.C.C. May	...	695	0
I.C.C. July	...	715	0
I.C.C. September	...	719	0

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay April 28

The Bullion market opened quietly steady to-day. Forward Silver opened at Rs 173-13 out on general liquidation the price went down to 173-4. At this level there was a slight improvement on up-country buying and Silver was again quoted at Rs 173-15. At 2 p.m. Forward Silver was steady at Rs 173-12 Ready Silver was quoted at Rs 173-4.

Forward Gold also opened steady at Rs 116-4 improved to Rs 116-9 and at 2 p.m Forward Gold declined to Rs 116-6 as on scattered realisation.

Forward Silver	..... Rs	173	12 0
Ready Silver	.....	173	4 0
Forward Gold	.....	116	6 0
Ready Gold	.....	116	2 6
Sovereigns	.....	74	0 0

CALICUT MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, April 28.

The following are today's quotations:

Coiryarn Beypore 140/150; Quilandy 145/185; Fibre Garnied 110; Unearbled 100; Cocoanuts Raw 130; Dry 135; Cocoanut Oil 420; Copra Office 280; Dilpasand 285; Madrasnottam 320; Pepper Wynaad 940; Country 920. Dry Ginger Chernad 300; Ernad 285; Coffee Robusta 140; Timber Pali 45/50; Junglewood 25/30; Vellapine 40/45; Benteak 35/40; Teak 100/110; Mango 3/4; Teak 12/15; Rosewood 12/15.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, April 28.

B C Rates 1 1 D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B C Rate, T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Bank, Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3 32 9th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 8th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 2th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rates T T Rs 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 6400
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157 /4
Manila Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 165-1/4
New York-London Cross Rate Dol 02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52.57-53.43
London Alexandria [illegible]
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Tcl 40
London Belgium Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1/16
London Iran Rl 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbon Es 99.80-100.20
London Manila Pes 8.10/8-15
London Montreal Dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 [illegible]
London New York Dol 4.02 3/4
[illegible] 19.80 20.02
London Paris Fcs 863.40-864.60
London Prague K 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr 14.47-50
London Switzerland Fcs 17.34-38
London Syria 880-8
London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 per cent
London Discts 6 Mos 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent 3 Mos. 3/4 per cent 6 Mos 1 per cent 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent
Tone:—Easy

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, April 28. (A.P.I.): The Calcutta Stock Exchange to-day continued quiet and only a limited business was put through. Following are to-day's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 per cent Government Paper 98/8. 3 per cent Loan 1986: 98/12. 3 per cent Defence 1949/52 101/5. 3 per cent Victory 1957 101/8/6 S. Lot 3 per cent Loan 1963/65 99/12; S. Lot 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 110/8; S Lot 3 per cent U.P. 1961/66 99/4; S. Lot Bank Bengal Nagpore 26, S. Lot Cawnpore Textiles 9/12, New Victoria Ordy 4/12 Ditto Pref 6; Coals Bengal 515; S. Lot East India 29/11; Parasu 3/8 Jagaldaga 14/14. Raneegunge 19/4 Talcher 4/12

JUTES: Agarpara 28/6 Barnagore 285, Belvedere 610, Howrah 75/10; Presidency 7/2, Empire 29/4, India 200, National 28/4

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron and Steel 28/11; Jessop and Co. 20/3; Kumardhubi Eng. 10/3; Steel Corp Ordy 23/12; Ditto Pref 123; Textile Machinery 8/2;

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corp 3; Consolidated Tin 1/9, Indian Copper 2/10, Karanpura Development 30/8; Assam-Bengal Cement 7/14, Sone Valley Cement 8/12, Alkali and Chemical 16/4, Calcutta Electric 28/12; Alluminium Corp 6/11; Bararee Coke 20; British India Corp 8/12; Calcutta Trams 23/12; F and C. Osler 10/2, Jardine Henderson 168, Martin Burn 16/5; Rohtas Industry 9/9; Northern India Oil 11/4, C.T. Shree Gopal Paper 10/2; Star Paper 6/11; Midnapore Zemindary 101; Assam Saws 6/8, Indian Steamship 12/8; Sugars Balrampore 7/14, Odd Lot Buland 15/12, Darbhanga 15 Samastipore 15/12

TEAS: Baghmari 14/14, East India 19; Eastern Cachar 12/8; Hasimara 108/8; Singtom 6/8; Ct. Soom 25.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

The following is a statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 23rd instant issued on Wednesday:—

LIABILITIES

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Central Government of	
(1) India	256,87,37,000
(2) Pakistan	56,36,83,000
(b) Other Governments in	
(1) India	13,57,72,000
(2) Pakistan	14,36,71,000
(c) Banks	89,32,56,000
(d) Others	43,01,68,000
Bills Payable	4,11,04,000
Other Liabilities	17,08,30,000
Total Rs.	504,72,21,000

ASSETS.

	Rs
Notes:—	
(a) India	12,51,77,000
(b) Pakistan	7,000
Rupee Coin:—	
(a) India	10,69,000
(b) Pakistan	1,000
Subsidiary Coin:—	
(a) India	1,57,00
(b) Pakistan	5,00
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	....
(b) External	....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	10,02,42,000
Balances held abroad *	412,84,95,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	
(a) In India	10,00,000
(b) In Pakistan	....
Other Loans and Advances	....
Investments	63,37,24,000
Other Assets	5,73,44,000
Total Rs.	504,72,21,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

Issue Department Account

LIABILITIES

	Rs
Notes held in the Banking Department	
(a) India Notes	12,51,77,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	7,000
Notes in circulation:	
(a) India Notes	1311,65,28,000
(b) Pakistan Notes	11,85,02 000
Total Notes issued	1336,02,14,000
Total Liabilities	1336,02,14,000

ASSETS.

	Rs
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
(b) Held outside India	....
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
B Rupee Coin:	
(a) India	39,02,06,000
(b) Pakistan	3,41,69,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	113,84,05,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	.....
Total Assets	1336,02,14,000

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 28.

S. S. THOMAS SIMLEE

FROM NEW ORLEANCE—1184 bdls. hickory wood squares, 25 drums petroleum produce 1985 drums lubricating oil, 151 bags dog wood 10 drums grease, 1000 bags sulphur 48 pkgs. diesel engines and parts, 395 ctrs milk of magnesia, 50 drums sweet wet shrimp.

FROM BEAUMONT TEXAS—2574 drums lubricating oil

S. S. FLYING ENTERPRISE

FROM BANKOK—6305 bars tin-ingot, 27 cases round gumbier 70 bags gur cobal.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S S AMRA

TO BEIRA—298 bales cotton waste—Indo Textile Corp.

TO DARESALLAM—29 bags turmeric—M. P. Joshi, 5 bags ginger—M. P. Joshi.

S. S CILICIA

TO LIVERPOOL—600 bales raw cotton—Rali Bros Ltd., 225 bales cotton waste—C Vora.

S. S ALAVI

TO KARACHI—150 pkgs. bettle leaves—H. Sankuriwalla 20 bds. bettle leaves—M. Sayed, 20 bds. bettle leaves—Mohmed Din 10 bdls. bettle leaves—N. Khan, 100 baskets bettle leaves—D. M. Misasi, 25 jottas bettle leaves—M. A. Basari, 50 jottas bettle leaves—C. A. Aziz, 50 jottas bettle leaves—R. R. M. Jaffar & Co.

S. S. PERSEPHONE

TO RANGOON—18 bales cotton piecegoods—I. H. S. Gajar, 9 bags Limay—M. Gokuldas & Co. 10 bales cotton piecegoods—A. G Abdul Satar & Co., 10 bales cotton piecegoods—Cresent Trading Corp., 6 bales cotton piecegoods—H. A. H. Abdul Satar, 8 bales cotton piecegoods—H. N. Rangoonwalla, 184 bags dry fish—B. Ardeshir & Co., 9 cases shellac—M. Gokuldas & Co.

TO COLOMBO—5 bales cotton piecegoods—S H. Shiwani, 7 bales cotton piecegoods—H. A Suleman, 25 bales cotton piecegoods—M. A. Pillai. 50 bags cumin seeds—M. A. Mullick.

S. S. HOUGH SILVER LIGHT

To Sydney:—

40 bags cumin seed and 32 bags dry ginger—Prabudas and Co., 26 balls cotton piecegood—Manekji and Co., 32 bales cotton piecegood—Sapt Textile Prod. Ind Ltd. 25 bales cotton piecegood—The Elphinstone Spg Mills Co. Ltd. 251 drums castor oil—Louis Drefus and Co Ltd. 19 bales cotton piecegood—The Delhi Cloth and General Merchant Co. Ltd

To Wellington:—

93 bales cotton waste—Chunilal and Co. 5 bales cotton piecegood—The Elphinstone Spg Mills Co. Ltd.

To Melbourne:—

15 bales cotton piecegood—Manekji and Co., 17 bales cotton piecegood—Sapt Textile Prod. Ind Ltd., 1385 bags myrabollams—Premji Haridas and Co.

To Adelaide:—

6 bales cotton piecegood—Manekji and Co.

To Dannedia:—

5 bales cotton piecegood—The Elphinstone Spg. Mills Co. Ltd

S. S. BAMORA

To Kowait:—

146 chest tea—C. A. Patel, 8.000 bags batery ore—The Hindustan Mineral Products Co. Ltd

To Duba:—

7 chest tea black—G. A. Reudesian Ltd. 20 bags turmeric—P P Dharamphi.

To Khoranshire:—

91 bales cotton piecegood—H M. Gazanfar and Co.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"HASHEMI" arrived from Vengurla on April 28 with 21 tons of general cargo (Scindia)

"HERMUND" arrived from Rotterdam on April 26 with 10 passengers and some cargo (Bombay Trading).

"ALAVI" arrived from Karachi on April 27, with 382 passengers and 3115 tons of general cargo (M. M.)

"BHARAT LAXMI" arrived from Tuticorin on April 27 with 752 tons of general cargo (Bharat Line)

"FORT HENLEY" arrived from Sydney on April 27 with 8687 tons of bulk wheat (Forbes Campbell)

"CLAN KEITH" arrived from Greenock on April 27 with 3440 tons of sugar and general cargo (J Finlay)

SAILINGS

"WITHROW PARK" sailed for Rangoon on April 26 with 8300 tons of bitumen in drums.

JAI HIND sailed for Okha on April 26 with 1750 tons of general cargo

"STEEL SURVEYOR" sailed for Calcutta on April 27 with 5200 tons of general and flour cargo

"JALAVEERA" sailed for Liverpool on April 27 with 5691 tons of general cargo.

"HERMUND" sailed for Basrah on April 27 with 7000 tons of general cargo.

DUE TO ARRIVE AT BOMBAY

From U. S. Pacific Coast—"Tosari" Due 12th May.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi—"Leuvekerk". Due 2nd May.

From U. S. Atlantic Coast via Persian Gulf—"Hoegh Silverstar". Due 2nd May.

From Rotterdam-Antwerp-Mediterranean—"Loppersum". Due 30th April.

From Italy—"Salvore". Due 15th May.

From Rotterdam-Antwerp-London-Persian Gulf—"Kongsberg". Due 25th May.

From Calcutta—"Silvercedar". Due 11th May.

From U. S. Atlantic Coast—"Silverbriar" Due 17th May.

From U. S. Atlantic Coast—"Hoegh Merchant" Due 18th May.

From Mediterranean Ports and Alexandria—"Star of Cairo". Due 20th May.

From Rotterdam-Antwerp—"Randserk" Due 20th May.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi—"Borneo" Due 21st May.

From U S. Pacific Coast—"Lombok" Due 25th May.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY:

For Madras-Calcutta — "Japara" Sails 28th April.

For Karachi-Persian Gulf—"Tosari" Sails 17th May.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports—"Leuvekerk" Sails 6th May.

For Australia—"Hoegh Silverstar" Sails 6th May.

For Colombo-Rangoon-Calcutta — "Loppersum" Sails 3rd May.

For Algiers and Marseilles—"St. Nazaire". Sails 10th May

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports—"Kongsberg" Sails 28th May

For U S. Atlantic Coast—"Silvercedar" Sails 14th May.

For Colombo—"Silverbriar" Sails 20th May

For Cochin-Colombo-Madras-Calcutta—"Hoegh Merchant" Sails 21st May

For U. S. Pacific Coast—"Borneo". Sails 25th May.

For Calcutta—"Lombok" Sails 30th May.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, April 28 (Reuter): A firm start was today given to the new trading period on the London Stock Markets. This period, including the Whitsun holiday, will be of three weeks duration.

Early off the mark were buyers of more speculative issues, including Brazilian Argentine and Indian utilities. Operators are hoping that the terms of the Anglo-Brazilian Financial agreement will be announced during this period.

Over six million pounds sterling is to be raised by the Cunard Steamship Company: new capital will be in the form of ordinary shares to be issued to shareholders but the terms are not yet known. The market in existing shares remained steady at 43.9.

The oil market appeared to have shaken off yesterday's gloom and buying of Anglo-Iranian pushed the price up to 8-1/4 while other issues in this section also improved.

British Government securities spent a quiet day but managed to record fractional gains. Buyers of Kaffir dividend payers created a better tendency in this section whilst coppers were also in small demand.

The market closed on a quietly firm tone.

HAPUR MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, April 28.

The following are today's quotations:

Silver Forward 175/2, Opened 174/15, Yesterday Closed 174/12.

Gold Forward 116/9, Opened 116/8, Yesterday Closed 116/8.

Market fairly steady as good speculative support.

Bardana Asar 85, June 102, April 111, steady.

Oats Ready 6, Jeth 8. Yesterday Closed 8, quiet. Gur Ready 13, Balakh 11/5/6. Yesterday Closed 11/6, Fagan 11/10/3. Shakkar 14, steady. Decreased arrivals, increased despatches. Khandasari Sugar 34 to 26, Crystal 37, Wheat 17/4, Gram 11/12, Barley 9/4, Maize 8, Bajra 8/8, Jwar 4. Peas Ready 9/10, Jeth 9/3, Arhar Ready 10/2, Jeth 9/10. Urd 18/8, Moong Masoor 12.

Market fairly steady. Grain arrivals poor.

Sarson Ready 22/4, Jeth 20, Oil Cake 7/8, Mongphali 13/8, Taraseed 16 to 18/4, Methi 18.

MUTT AND JEFF—After All, A Spare Tube Comes In Handy Any Old Place — By BUD FISHER

WHAT'S A MATTER, MUTT?
MY ASTHMA! THIS CLIMATE IS NO GOOD FOR ME!
WHEEZE
CLIMATE?
YEH! THE AIR! I SHOULD BE IN CALIFORNIA! CALIFORNIA AIR IS JUST THE THING FOR ME!
WHAT'S THAT?
CALIFORNIA AIR, MUTT! I GOT AIR IN MY SPARE WHEN WE WERE OUT THERE!
Fisher

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a healthy, beautiful Bengali (Tili) bride, studied up to Matric or passed Matric, song and embrodiery is essential, age: between 15-20 yrs. Bride Groom: Matriculate, Age, 23 yrs., earning Rs. 160 P.M. No dowry restrictions at all, only the girl in choice. Apply Box No. 8648 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted from June, Graduate or experienced Undergraduate, S. L. Latin or Portuguese; Gujarati Hindu Graduate or experienced Undergraduate. Apply personally Principal Banaji, Master's Tutorial H. School, Kennedy Bridge, Bombay. 8652

M.T.B. College, Surat:- Applications stating age, experience and qualifications are invited for teaching posts in English (for the first term only in a leave vacancy), Philosophy, Mathematics and History-Economics and aiso for the posts of Demonstrators in Physics, Chemistry and Biology. Salary and Designation according to qualifications. Scales:- Professors-Rs. 200-10-300, Lecturers-Rs. 130-10--200, Demonstrators-Rs. 80-5-125. D.A. extra. Applications with testimonials to reach the Principal by 15th May. 8289

Wanted a Spinning and a Weaving Master for an uptodate big textile unti consisting of about 12,500 spindles & 2,000 looms. Salary no consideration. Only first grade gentlemen need apply stating terms and past experience along with their certificates etc., to Box No. 8287A "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced Storekeeper with good reference for honesty and integrity for a big textile unit in U.P. Apply stating terms and past experience along with certificates etc. to Box No. 8287 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced Linotype Operators for a leading Daily Newspaper. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 3030 "Bombay Chronicle.'

Wanted influential and experienced insurance fieldman to work as chief agent, special agent or organiser on purely attraction commission basis and also inspector or superintendent and agencies on salary basis in Bombay. Apply sharp with terms and minimum yearly business guarantee. S. Basak, Secy. Dominion Insurance Co., Ltd. 15, Netaji Subhas Road. Calcutta. (8288)

TO BE LET

To let half portion of decent Bungalow on yearly Basis at Hardwar Bhim Goda, also plots of land For Sale. Apply Box No. 8644(A) "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Batch for Vacation—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout Vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (8632)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Hysteria & Epilepsy wonderful herbs at the time of fits this medicine should be sniffed in both the holes of the nose. After doing so 1¼" Black worm comes out and patient is cured. Mahatma Dhunibale Baba, Sirsaban, P.O. Chitrakot (Banda) U. P. 8647

Kailash Hills Herb (Regd.) relieves Asthma of all five kinds completely by one dose to be taken on 22-5-48 (full moon). Apply in English or Hindi. Brahmachari G. Das, Srisidh Brahmacharya, Sewa-Ashram, P.O. Chitrakot U.P. (8645)

Chitrakot Asthma Cure—Widely renowned and a most Powerful highly effective remedy for curing Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on 23/5/48 full moonday. Apply atonce in English Shri Mahatma Yogi Baba, Ayurvedic, Buti Bhandar, P. O. Chitrakot, U.P. 8646

God's Gift Medicine for Asthma Rs. 1/5/- including V. P. charges. Menaka Debi, 19, S. N Banerji Rd., Calcutta. 5462B

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Selling Agents in each City for our Soaps. Apply to Saraswati Vegetable Oil Mills, Limited, 428, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 8651

Wanted Agents, Stockists for Aryamalam, Arya Laboratories, 19, Surendra Banerji Road. Calcutta. (7483)

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted one complete Combination of Blow Room suitable for treating Indian Cotton with 2 Finisher Scutchers 46" wide for 45" laps. Also eight Roving Frames 7" lift containing of abcut 180 Spindles each". Write to Box No. 8286 "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For immediate delivery 150,000 meters 1/2 inch Class K Seamless copper service pipe for underground water service connection, meeting standard specification of ASTM. Hard (or half hard) or soft, or in 60 foot coils (hard or half hard in 20 foot lengths). F.O.B. dock Los Angeles dcl. 16.506 per 100 feet. Apply Box. No. 8629 "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

SECRETARY, Joint Public Service Commission for Bihar, the Central Provinces and Berar, and Orissa, P.O. Hinoo, Ranchi, invites applications on or before the 27th May 1948 on the prescribed form, which along with full particulars can be obtained from him, for the post of a Professor of Pathology and Bacteriology in Class I of the Bihar Veterinary Service in the provisional scale of pay of Rs. 300/- rising to Rs. 1,000/-.

(8312)

THE INDIA UNITED MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of The India United Mills, Limited will be closed from Thursday, the 13th May, 1948, to FRIDAY, the 11th June, 1948, both days inclusive.

The Dividend if sanctioned will be paid to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 13th May, 1948.

By Order of the Board,
AGARWAL & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 16th April, 1948. 8315

THE COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, DELHI:

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts:—

(i) Senior Lecturer in Commerce possessing high academic qualifications in Commerce acquired preferably at the London School of Economics and Political Science or at the school of Business Administration Harvard.

(ii) Lecturer in Commerce. Must be first class M. Com. preferably with teaching experience of degree classes.

(iii) Lecturer in Mathematics. Must be first class M.A. with specialised knowledge of any one of the following branches:—
Theory of Groups, Functions of Complex variable, and Statistics.

Salary scales not yet finally decided upon but very likely they will be 500-25-800 for the Senior Lecturer and 200-15-290-20-410-25-560 for the lecturers.

Higher starts possible according to qualifications and experience.

All posts carry Provident Fund at 8-1/3% on confirmation and Dearness Allowance at Government rates. Selected candidates to join on 26th July, 1948.

Apply to the Principal by 15th May. 8318

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

Class I Contract Costing over Rs. 5,000/-

SEALED TENDERS are invited for 1300 Nos. Fan "regulators" 24 Volts.

Tender No. SP/D/HB2/Genl will be opened on 2-6-1948 at 12 o'clock noon and will be received in Controller of Store's Office E.I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

Tender forms can be had from Controller of Store's office @ Rs. 2/- per copy, after payment of the cost to the Treasurer, E.I.Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of tender forms to Controller of Stores, E.I. Railway, Calcutta, direct by money order. No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented first for registration in Controller of Store's office and then put into the tender box.

Tenders will be opened in Controller of Store's office and tenderers if they so desire may be present at the time of opening.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.

(8308)

EAST IDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

Special item costing over Rs. 10,000—Class I contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on 31st May, 1948 at 12 o'clock noon.

Tender No. S/NSB/4B/1028 for the supply of Bench wooden double sides.

Tender forms and drawing can be obtained from the undernoted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(a) Tender form @ Rs. 2/- per copy from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta.

(b) Plan No. DS-HWH 139-48 @ Rs. 2/- per copy from the office of the Divisional Superintendent East Indian Railway, Howrah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawing to the Divisional Superintendent. East Indian Railway, Howrah direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office, and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (works) room by the Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.

8309

PUBLIC NOTICES

SAURASHTRA RAILWAY
TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT

THE SAURASHTRA RAILWAY will from 1-5-1948 be divided into 3 Traffic Districts.

DISTRICTS	LIMITS
1. BHAVNAGAR DISTRICT under District Traffic Supdt. Bhavnagar Para.	The old Bhavnagar State Railway Wadhwan-Sayla Tramway.
2. JUNAGADH DISTRICT. under District Traffic Supdt. Junagadh.	The old Junagadh State Railway Gondal Railway.
3. JAMNAGAR DISTRICT. under District Traffic Supdt. Jamnagar.	The old Jamnagar & Dwarka Ry. Morvi Railway.

All public complaints, requests for wagons (except for Pack Trains) etc. may kindly be addressed in the first instance to the Officers shown above. If satisfaction is not obtained, the Chief Traffic Manager, Bhavnagar Para may be addressed. Correspondence in connection with Pack Trains should be addressed to the Chief Traffic Manager.

Correspondence regarding claims, refunds and overcharges may, for the time being, kindly be addressed to the District Traffic Supdts. as shown above. It is however expected to open a Central Claims Office very shortly and a further Press Notification will be issued.

A. C. READ,
Chief Traffic Manager.
Saurashtra Railway.

8306

THE OSMANSHAHI MILLS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hyderabad—Deccan).

NOTICE

THE TRANSFER TEMPORARY RECEIPT No. 259, dated the 21-2-47, in respect of 20 Shares Nos. 29350|55, 29364|72, and 32392|96 of this Company issued in the name of Mr. Meer Riazuddin Hussain of Hyderabad is reported to have been lost. Any person having claim to the said receipt should notify to the Company within a fortnight after which the relative Share Certificates will be issued to the party concerned.

C. S. TYABJEE,
Managing Agent,
for the Industrial Trust Fund, H.E.H. the Nizam's Government, Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Hyderabad-Deccan,
Dated 29-4-48. (8639)

G. I. P. RLY—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V. T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 7-5-1948 for the supply of Pulses at the Railway's Grainshops on the Bhusaval Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, at Bhusaval. 8291

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

B-2 tenders on rate list basis in sealed covers are invited from contractors for the proposed work of constructing staff quarters at Krishnagiri Upavan at Borivli Bombay. Blank tender form can be had on payment of Rs. 5/ per copy and plans and specifications can be seen in the office of the Director of Parks and Gardens, 14 Queens Barracks, Bombay 1 during office hours. The tenders will be received upto 3 p.m. on Monday the 3rd May, 1948. Earnest money at 1 per cent viz. Rs. 200/- should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India and receipted challan enclosed with the tender.

BHANU L. DESAI,
Director of Parks and Gardens.

8284

DISPOSALS

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals) invites tenders for the purchase and removal of the following ex-site:—

Description of store: HAY—3,500 tons approx.
Location: Partly at Dairy Stackyard and Partly at Doveton Stackyard, Military Farm, Secunderabad (Deccan).
Superscribed Reference: Tender No. RCS/70128/MS.
Last Date: Due by 4 p.m. on 6-5-1948.
Last date of removal of Store. 22-5-48.
Reserve price: Rs. 25,000/- for the lot.

Offers should be submitted on tenderers' own forms enclosed in double covers, the inner to be sealed, and superscribed with the above reference and should remain open for acceptance for 3 days from the date of offer.

Earnest money (refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) of 20% of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve/Imperial Bank of India or a Government Treasury under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits" in favour of Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay. Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury/Bank receipt will be ignored. CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

No guarantee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability of the above store. Sale will be subject to conditions of Contract Form Con. 117. The Store will be sold as one lot and not by weight.

Form Con. 117 can be seen at this office and the office of the Farm's Officer. Military Farm, Secunderabad. Permits to view may be also obtained from any of these two offices.

REGIONAL COMMISSSIONER (Disposals),
Mercantile Chambers.
Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

8266

G.I.P. RAILWAY--TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tenders for the purchase of serviceable and damaged Empty Kerosene Oil tins made of bright sheets and black sheets. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 10 at Re. 1/- per copy not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 19th May 1948. 8282

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.

As modified up to date.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as modified up to date, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the 14th day of JUNE, 1948, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the street, in respect of each of the following streets namely:

(1) Chinchpokli Cross Lane from its junction with Ghorupdeo Road westwards to a distance of about 330'.
(2) Police Court Lane on Cadastral Survey Nos. 882, 883, 836, 888, 899 to 903.
(3) Bake House Lane between Forbes Street and Rampart Row.
(4) Dongersey Road between C. S. Nos. 198-186 at the south end and C. S. Nos. 196-194 at the North end.
(5) Gowalia Tank Road from its junction with Tardeo Road, Girgaum Road and Gamdevi Road upto Gowalia Tank Play Ground (between C.S. Nos. 518-520).
(6) Tardeo Road 120' regular line from its junction with Gowalia Tank Road and Sleater Road to its junction with Falkland Road and on 60' Road (in the compound of Manekji Petit Mills) and then upto its junction with Clerk Road and Warden Road including accommodation for bus stop.

A plan of each of the said public streets showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the office of the City Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1948.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

(8317)

DEPARTMENT OF BROADCASTING, BARODA STATE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Station Engineer for the Baroda Broadcasting Stations in the grade of Rs. 450-50/2-700 plus 5 per cent House Rent. No dearness allowance is attached to the post. Candidate should have a good university degree in Electrical Engineering or Physical Science and should have undergone a post-graduate course in Communication Engineering at a recognised technical institute. He should have at least two years' experience on a responsible post in a modern Broadcast Transmitting Station and Studios. Applications with full details of qualifications, experience etc. as well as copies of testimonials should reach on or before the 18th May 1948. A higher starting salary may be given to deserving candidates if the Services Commitee so decide. Selected candidates will have to come for an interview before the Services Committee at Baroda at their own expense. Canvassing either directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate for selection. Applications should be addressed to the Director of Broadcasting, Baroda State, Baroda. 8305

PUBLIC NOTICES

WANTED.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Assistant Engineer at Warachha Head Water Works, Surat, in the scale of Rs. 100-5-150 plus Dearness allowance etc. and free unfurnished quarters. The candidate should be a fully qualified First Class Mechanical Engineer of proficiency of the Bombay Presidency. Preference will be given to those who have experience of Steam Pumps at the Water Works. A higher initial start will be considered for a really deserving candidate.

Applications stating full particulars and with copies of testimonials should reach the U/S on or before 15th May, 1948.

T. R. DESAI,
Chief Officer,
Surat Borough Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Surat, 24-4-1948. 8316

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 3537 of 1947

(1) NAGSHI DHARSHI SHETHIA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Naigaum, without the Fort of Bombay, a member and President of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association. (2) TEJSI KHERAJ MAZAGONWALLA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Mazagaon, without the Fort of Bombay, a member of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association on behalf of themselves and all other members of the said Bombay Grain Dealers' Association. .. Plaintiffs.

versus

DEVSI MURJI & CO., a firm, carrying on business at Bazar Gate Street within the Fort of Bombay. .. Defendants.

and

DEVSI MURJI & CO., a firm, carrying on business at Bazar Gate Street within the Fort of Bombay. .. Defendants to the suit and Plffs. to the counterclaim.

versus

(1) NAGSHI DHARSHI SHETHIA, of Bombay Inhabitant, residing at Naigaum, without the Fort of Bombay, a member and President of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association. (2) TEJSHI KHERAJ MAZAGONWALLA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Mazagaon, without the Fort of Bombay a member of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association on behalf of themselves and all other members of the said Bombay Grain Dealers' Association) .. Plaintiffs to the suit and Defts. to the Counterclaim.

To

All members of the BOMBAY GRAIN DEALERS' ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order 1, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that the Defendants to the suit and Plaintiffs to the Counterclaim abovenamed have been given liberty to make a counterclaim in the above suit against the Plaintiffs to the suit and Defendants to the Counterclaim abovenamed on behalf of themselves and on behalf of all other members of the Bombay Grain Dealers' Association for the following relicfs:—

(a) The Plaintiffs may be ordered and decreed to refund the amounts paid by the Defendants as "Mobadla" aggregating to Rs. 1,475/15/- or such other sum as this Hon'ble Court may deem just.
(b) The Plaintiffs may be ordered and decreed to refund to the Defendants the sum of Rs. 2,000/- paid as deposit for "Mobadla" by the Defendants.
(c) The Plaintiffs may be ordered to render true, full and proper accounts of the sums collected from the Defendants as "Mobadla" and the disbursements made thereout and for the said purpose to give inspection of all relevant books vouchers, entries, papers, etc.
(d) That for the purpose aforesaid all order may be passed and directions given as may be fit and proper in the circumstances.
(e) Such further and other reliefs may be granted to the Defendants as to this Hon'ble Court may seem just and proper in the circumstances.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the said Counterclaim is fixed for the 21st day of June, 1948.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1948.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYEN IYER

This 14th day of April, 1948.

Messrs. PEREIRA FAZALBHOY & CO.,
Attorneys for the Defendants to the suit and Plaintiffs to the Counterclaim.

(8313)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited before 12-6-1948 from natives of the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for post of SPECIAL OFFICER, COTTAGE INDUSTRIES PRODUCTS, in Bombay Co-operative Service. QUALIFICATIONS.—(1) Degree in Arts Commerce, Law or Science; (2) practical business or administrative experience of not less than 7 years, of which at least two immediately preceding must be in a position of responsibility in the export of cotton textiles. PAY-SCALE.---Rs. 500-750 PLUS cost of living allowance admissible under the rules. AGE.--Not more than 40 years on 1-8-1948. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission", who will supply full details on request.

(8307)

NOTICE

SECRETARY, Joint Public Service Commission for Bihar, the Central Provinces and Berar, and Orissa, P O. Hinoo, Ranchi invites applications on or before the 28th May, 1948 on the prescribed form, which along with full particulars can be obtained from him, for the post of Professor of Mathematics in class I of the Bihar Educational Service on a provisional scale of pay of Rs. 300 rising to Rs. 1,000. A candidate must possess a First class M.A. or M.Sc. degree in Mathematics of an Indian or recognised foreign Universities or doctorate's degree specialising in Pure Mathematics experience in Post-graduate teaching and research and be able to guide students for research.

(8311)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

Petition No. 226 of 1948.
E.549/26-4-48.

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Sir NARAYAN VISHWANATH MANDLIK of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a widower, retired Advocate, residing at the time of his death at Peddar Road outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

(1.) NARIMAN KHURSHEDJI SUNTOOK, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Solicitor, practising in this Honourable Court, residing at Warden Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, (2.) DATTARAYA NARHAR REGE, also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Solicitor, practising in this Honourable Court and residing at Chowpatty Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, and (3.) GOVIND SHIVRAM MANDLIK of Poona Hindu Inhabitant, a Medical Practitioner, practising at Poona and residing at New Deccan Gymkhana, Poona, the Executors named in the Will of the said deceased ... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness MAHOMMEDALI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 23rd day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty eight and in the Twelfth of our Reign.

(Sd.) S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR,
Sealer

The 23rd day of April, 1948.

Messrs. MULLA & MULLA,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

8319

PUBLIC NOTICES

GADODIA BANK LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following share holders of the Bank have requested for the issue of duplicates of the share certificates held by them as the old ones have been lost or misplaced and are not traced, therefore any person having any claim in respect of such shares should register his claim with the Bank, within fifteen days from the date hereof, at the Registered Office of the Bank at 235-39-41, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, failing which requests of the present applicants for duplicate Share Certificates will be complied with

(1) Share Certificate No. 271 for ten fully paid Ordinary Shares Nos. 6249 to 6358 inclusive registered in the name of Dr. Manoharlal Upadhayaya of Kanpur.
(2) Share Certificate No. 272 for five fully paid. Ordinary Shares Nos. 6359 to 6363 inclusive registered in the name of Mrs. Surya Kumari of Kanpur.

For Gadodia Bank Ltd.,
P. N. TULSIAN.
Secretary.

235-39-41, Kalbadevi Road.
Bombay 2.
29th April, 1948. 8643

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AMRITLAL KALIDAS of Vile Parle Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 39, Medows House, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale shall be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Khoti land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Parleshwar Cross Road Ville Parle in the registration Sub-District of Bandra in Bombay Suburban District containing by admeasurement 799 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing Final Plot No. 1 H of Ville Parle Town Planning Scheme No. 1 and New No. 1/9 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by Parleshwar Cross Road, on or towards the West and North by the land belonging to Ramji Keshavji and on or towards the south by the property belonging to Gangadas Purshotamdas.

Dated this 27th day of April, 1948.

Messrs. K. J. KALE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

8310

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION WILL TAKE PLACE AT LONAVALA

AUCTION SALE of old furniture and Miscellaneous Stores, including Cement Sheets. Iron goods, Timber Window frames, Door Shutters, etc. on FRIDAY 7-5-48 at 12-30 p.m. (S.T.) at M.E.S. Yard. H. M. I. S. Shivaji Depot, Lonavala, under instructions from the C.R.I.E., Bombay.

Terms: full cash with sales tax.
GANDHI & CO.

ASTHMA AND BRONCHITIS BAD NIGHT ENDED WITH SINORA
Sole Agents: HAMILTON DAS & SONS • P.B. 2085 BOMBAY
YOUR CHEMIST SELLS

A. N. Mukerjee. TENT & UMBRELLA MANUFACTURER 9 SHAM LAL ST CALCUTTA-6

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STANDARD PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS LTD. CALCUTTA

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